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lrag says all Kuwaitis will be freed

NICOSIA (AP) — Iraqi officials told an Arab League team Saturday that they would like to return all Kuwaitis detained in Iraq to the emirate, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported. The agency also quoted Iraqi Foreign istry official Saad Qasem Hummadi as saying his country would allow league officials to visit detained Kuwaitis, in line with the Geneva tion. Mr. Hummadi is chief of the Arab Affairs Department of the Iraqi Foreign Ministry. He was quoted as saying Iraq has no interest in keeping Kuwaitis and expressing hope that the league would contribute to returning them to their homeland. But Mr. Hummadi did not say how long it would be before Iraq released the Kuwains, nor did he say how many were held. The visit, which came under the terms of a leagu resolution that decided to ascertain the condition of Kuwaitis held in Iraq was the first to Iraq by league officials since the Gulf war. Iraq says it already has released nearly all the Kuwaitis it held during the Gulf crisis and war, but Kuwaiti claims thousands of its citizens remain held by Baghdad. The league team was headed by Abdullah Aden, acting as the envoy of Secretary-General Esmat Abdul Meguid, who has visited many of the league's 21 members but not Iraq since he assumed his post in

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Crown Prince meets Hogg

uds Aisi nete

> LONDON (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday received in London British Foreign Office Minister Douglas Hogg. Discussions during the meeting centred on the latest developments in the Middle East and efforts aimed at solving the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Palestinian problem.

Sudan junta tries: coup plotters

KHARTOUM (R) — Sudan's ruling junta has put on trial several army officers and civilians it accuses of plotting to remove it from power by force, a Khartoum newspaper said Saturday. Al Sudan Al Hadith (Modern Sudan) quoted an armed forces spokesman as saying the plotters were charged with instigating war against the government. He said the trial began last week. The spokesman did not say how many defendants were being tried. Foreign press reports put the no official confirmation of this in Khartoum. News of a plot to overthrow the government broke last month when the junta announced the arrest of civilians and retired and active army offic-

Kuwait University, technical schools reopen

KUWAIT CITY (AP) - Kuwait University and the emirate's vocational schools reopened Saturday after seven months of repair work in the wake of the Gulf war. Some 24,000 Knwsiti. students went back to college Saturday. Very few stateless Arabs and the children of note Kuwaiti university teachers have been allowed to enroll this year.

Tunisia to join Sahara force

TUNIS (R) - Tunisia will send a contingent of troops to join a United Nations peacekeeping force in Western Sahara where a ceasefire was proclaimed three weeks ago, the official news agency TAP reported. Defence Minister Habib Boulares said the contingent, received Friday by President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali, would be commanded by Lieutepant Colonel Bechir Daoud. The agency did not reveal how many troops would be sent to join the Minurso mission in charge of Supervising the ceasefire and organising a self-determination referendum on the future of the former Spanish colony.

U.S. official leaves Turkey after talks

ANKARA (R) - U.S. Assistant

Defence Secretary Stephen Hadley left Turkey after five days of talks on military cooperation, the U.S. embassy said Saturday. The two sides "reviewed many issues of mutual interest, including progress on plans for a second state of F-16 (fighter) production ... and on cooperation for defence industry in support of the Turkish armed forces," a statement added. Turkish Aerospace Industries (TAI), a U.S.-Turkish joint venture set up in 1984, is working on a \$4.2-billion project to produce 160 F-16s, or Fighting Falcons, by 1994. It has produced about 60 so far. The second stage of production envisages another fighters by 2002.

4 killed in Kurdish rebel clashes in Turkey

ANKARA (R) — Four people including a boy aged two were killed in separate incidents in Turkey involving the rebel Kurdish Workers Party (PKK), officials said Saturday. The boy was killed Friday when PKK members raided Asagi Camuriu village in Kars province bordering Iran, Anatolian news agency quoted officials from the provincial governor's office as saying. A statement from the emergency state governorate in southeastern Diyarbakir said Turkish troops had killed two PKK members in a clash Friday. A Turkish soldier was billed in the clash, which occurred when a group of rebels son near Mazidagi town, 1,200 kilometres southeast of Ankara.

PNC accepts peace conference

Palestinian participation

Combined agency despatches

THE PALESTINE National Council (PNC) Saturday dropped key conditions for participating in a Middle East conference, recommending that Palestinians attend to argue their case.

The 468-seat council cast aside its insistence that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) announce the Palestinian delegation to the conference cosponsored by the U.S. and the Soviet Union

It also dropped its demand for a commitment before the talks that Israel would relinquish the occupied territories.

"We reject all idea of conditions; it is Israel which breeds them," said Yasser Abed Rabbo, who heads the information department of the PLO and is considered a close adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

We will be waiting in the coming days for precise answers from the United States concerning the sensitive and essential questions," Mr. Abed Rabbo told reporters.

The delegates approved the policy statement on the peace conference, which is tentatively scheduled to open next month, by a 313-18 vote that colminated five days of passionate debate.

The vote was in secret session, and it was unclear what happened to the other 120 delegates present
— whether they abstained or were absent.

PLO sources, speaking on con-

BAGHDAD (Agencies) - Iraq bowed to releutless U.S. and

U.N. pressure Saturday, allowing

a 44-member inspection team

probing its nuclear secrets to

leave a Baghdad car park after a

Members of the U.N. team,

unshaven and still in the same

clothes they had worn since the

standoff began early Tuesday,

returned to their hotel at around

dawn saying they had yielded

Iraqi officials, who had deman-

ded the inspectors hand over

records taken and videotapes

made during a surprise search of

an atomic energy commission

office, finally agreed to their re-lease provided a full inventory

"Essentially, we've won full

agreement to have the documents

and the video cameras," said

team leader David Kay. "They

Team members met Saturday

with Iraqi officials to catalogue

secret documents detailing Iraq's

nuclear weapons programme.

remain in our possession."

four-day confrontation.

dition of anonymity, said Mr. Arafat and His Majesty King Hussein are likely to announce in early October that a joint Palestinian-Jordanian delegation

will attend the peace talks. The PNC called on the Arab countries expected to attend the ce conference not to normalise relations with Israel until the statement's goals are met. The countries referred to are Syria, Jordan, Lebanon, Egypt and

Sandi Arabia. The council also elected a new executive committee as the meeting wound up. It expanded the number of seats from 15 to 18 to secure wider participation of independent technocrats, unconnected to the guerrilla factions.

Mr. Arafat later told a news conference: "The ball is now in the other court... with the American administration, the cochairman (of the conference)... with Israel, Europe and the United Nations.

"We have extended our hands to peace.

He said Washington should declare the Jewish settlements in the occupied Arah territories illegal and seek a halt to them. Israel had already confiscated 65 per cent of the West Bank and if this continued there would be no land-for-peace to negotiate at any conference, he said.

Baghdad stand-off ends; U.N.

team, Iraqis work on inventory

Iraq — with the documents.

They're going to just keep

going and going and going until it's all done," said Jeremy Man-

sfield of the inspection team.

Mr. Mansfield, a Canadian,

spoke to the Associated Press in a

telephone interview from the

Hotel Palestine in Baghdad,

where the U.N.-Iraqi efforts was

under way. He estimated it would

take nearly 24 hours.

At U.N. headquarters, the

head of the U.N. Special Com-

mission in charge of dismantling

Iraq's weapons of mass destruc-

tion said fraq may still be trying

We know that there is still a

to continue its research on nuc-

large number of people em-

ployed" in Iraq's nuclear prog-

ramme, Rolf Ekeus sald Friday.

ments uncovered contain records

of an extensive clandestine pro-

Saturday's inventory at the

Baghdad hotel - across the

ject to build nuclear weapons.

U.N. officials says the docu-

Asked if the PNC statement amounted to conditional agreement to attend the talks. Mr. Arafat replied: "We have the right to put our view and re-

quests," like other parties have

Mr. Arafat denied to reporters that two West Bank Palestinian representatives, Faisal Al Huseini and Hanan Ashrawi, bad visited Algiers to talk to the PNC.

the two had briefed PNC members on their contacts with the Americans and developments in

the intifada. Both envoys have also denied the contact, which could lead to prosecution and imprisonment under Israeli law, which bars

contact with the PLO. Mr. Arafat said 28 members of the Isracli Knesset (parliament) had sent a message to the PNC. He described it as important but

gave no details. "Is (Prime Minister Yitzhak) Shamir going to arrest the 28 Knesset members because they have officially contacted our PNC?" Mr. Arafat asked. Hardliner George Habash of

the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) said the statement does not mean acceptance of the peace conference. There's a "good possibility" that Palestinians will not take

part, the PFLP leader asserted. Though the statement frops the demand on announcing delegates, it reiterates that the PLO has a right to choose them.

The de facto Palestinian fore ign minister, Paronk Kaddoumi, told delegates before the vote:

(Continued on page 5)

- was stipulated in the agree-

mechanics of the agreement," Mr. Mansfield said.

The agreement eased tensions

between Iraq and the U.S.-led

allies that had been raised to their

highest level since the Gulf war.

To pressure Iraq to honour provi-

sions in the Gulf war ceasefire

agreement, President George

Bush dispatched two patriot mis-

sile battalions to Saudi Arabia

and reportedly planned to send

turn over documents they had

seized that detailed Iraq's secret

nuclear programme. The inspec-tors refused.

Iraqi troops then surrounded the U.N. inspectors, who in-

cluded 27 Americans, forcing the

team to camp out in a bus and six

vehicles outside the Iraqi Atomic

carly Saturday.

ment that ended the standoff

"We are just going through the

Algiers meeting recommends | Masri: PNC decision realistic, will help implement international legitimacy in Mideast

AMMAN (J.T.) - Prime Minister Taher Masri Saturday welcomed the Palestine National Council (PNC) decision to back U.S.-Soviet efforts to hold a Mid-

dle East peace conference. The PNC supported the initiative Saturday after five days of debate but stopped short of immediately committing Palestinians to attend the conference. planned for October

"It is evident to all of us that the PNC dealt with the events with realism and adopted resolutions that will help in implementing international legitimacy and easing the sufferings of the Palestinian people." Mr. Masri told the Arabic-language

service of Jordan Television. "... The resolutions will help support the peaceful march we are seeking and help lead to (Israeli) withdrawal from the Arah territories (occupied in 1967) which is the goal of Jordan the Palestinians and the PLO (Palestine Liberation Organisation)," he said.

The PNC called for stronge Palestine-Jordanian ties but left it up to the PLO to decide whether Palestimans should form a joint delegation with Jordan to get round Israel's refusal to talk to the organisation

Mr. Masri said he expected several PLO delegations to visit Jordan soon to "reach understanding on how to deal with the conference and matters to fol-

"The resolutions adopted hy the PNC are based on Jordanian and Palestinian principled stands and will help the peace proce which, by God's will, will lead to Israel's withdrawal from the occupied territories." Mr. Masri

He said that Jordan always favoured inter-Arab contacts to coordinate stands among Arab states. "Now that we are on the threshold of a critical stage of significance to our history and the history of the Palestinian question ... we find it necessary

highest levels," the prime minis-"It is time for the foreign ministers of the states surrounding Israel to meet to discuss

among the Arab parties con-

cerned with the peace process to

coordinate their stands at the

arrangement for holding the peace conference," he added. Mr. Masri said coordination between Jordan and the PLO has intensified during the past weeks and will intensify more in the coming period after the PNC's

formation of the Jordanian-Palestinian joint delegation to the peace pariey.

"I expect that Jordanian-Palestinian meetings will be held soon to coordinate our positions and reach understanding on how to deal with the (peace) conference and matters that follow," he

The prime minister said that it was very likely that the «U:S.brokered peace conference will be held by the end of October as it was scheduled and ruled out any delay in holding it since "the Palestinians, who are a basic party to peace process, have decided to support the conference by participating. The conference will not be delayed unless something urgent arises. If that happens, the delay would be for a short

Israel 'satisfied,' but awaits PNC fine print

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel signalled satisfaction Saturday over a Palestinian declaration backing a Middle East peace conference but said it still wanted to

study the fine print from Algiers. "Basically it seems like a positive trend but we need full details before we can come out with an official statement," said a government source close to Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, speaking on condition he was not identified.

"After all, every step that can ead to the convening of the conference is an important step."

The Palestine National Council (PNC) in Algiers early on Saturday welcomed U.S.-Soviet efforts to hold Middle East conference but stopped short of committing Palestinians to attend.

Israel has given conditional agreement to attend the talks and the United States is expected to issue invitations soon. Washington hopes to convene a conference next month.

The key issue of Palestinian representation — which wrecked U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's efforts to promote peace talks last year - remains unre-

solved. But Israeli political analysts

to pull out although it could use delaying tactics.

The Israelis are going to pose

some difficulties in regard to the conference and their own participation. But I doubt whether Israel can abstain at this stage from the conference," said Gabi Schefer, professor of international affairs at Hebrew University, told Israel Radio.

Israel could not risk a major crisis with its guardian ally and financial backer, the Uoited States.

"It would be very difficult from the Israeli point of view to leave the conference. Shamir is now trying to see to it that certain conditions are met," Dan Schneftan, a specialist in Arab-Israeli affairs at Hebrew University, told Renters.

Another Israeli official played down the PNC decision.
"The PLO (Palestine Libera-

tion Organisation) is out of the political process and will remain out, even after the PNC. There is nothing new in their resolutions, said Yossi Olmert, head of Israel's government press office.

(Continued on page 5)

Baker welcomes Palestinian declaration on peace talks

NEW YORK (R) - U.S. Secretary of State James Baker Saturday welcomed a Palestinian declaration backing a Middle East peace conference.

"Any time we see support for the prospect of trying to create a peace process in the Middle East we're very glad to see that," Mr.

He is in New York for a series of meetings around the fringes of the United Nations General Assembly and spoke to reporters before a working breakfast with Mongolian Foreign Minister Tserenpilyn Gombosuren.

Mr. Baker, who has seen key Middle Eastern ministers in New York over the week, may return to the region soon to issue invitations for an Arab-Israeli peace He said Palestinians, particu-

larly those living in the Israelioccupied territories, had the most to gain from a viable peace process and the most to lose if there

But State Department officials said there were no plans yet to meet Palestinian leaders in Washington next week, as had been widely reported in the media, though such a meeting

The Palestine National Council (PNC) in Algiers early Saturday velcomed U.S.-Soviet efforts to hold a Middle East conference but stopped short of committing Palestinians to attend.

The key issue of Palestinian representation -- which wrecked Mr. Baker's efforts to promote peace talks last year - remains

The U.S. administration said Friday that the reported presence of two Palestinian leaders at the PNC conference after meeting U.S. officials did not mean Washington was in contact with

State Department spokesman Richard Boucher said the United States had no contact, direct or through intermediaries, with the

The two leaders, Faisal Husseini and Hanan Ashrawi, were said to have appeared at the PNC in Algiers to urge delegates to authorise Palestinians to attend the peace conference,

Mr. Husseini and Dr. Ashrawi. who represent Palestinians living under Israeli occupation, have met repeatedly with Mr. Baker over the past seven months as he tried to arrange the Mideast

After completing that job and street from the parking lot where Energy Commission. Saudis demand U.N. mandate for new attack against Iraq

BAFRAIN (AP) - Sandi Ara- Arab diplomat. bian leaders, wary of Arab-wide consequences of a military attack on Iraq, have insisted on a U.N. mandate for action the United States might take against Iraq, Arab diplomatic sources said

They said King Fahd dismissed as unacceptable any action against Iraq that does not have world approval similar to that given to Operation Desert Storm, which ended Iraq's occupation of Kuwait in February.

The sources, who insisted on anonymity, were explaining the apparent change of heart about a fresh U.S. military strike against Iraq in response to its obstruction of U.N. inspection of nuclear and chemical weapons sites.

"King Fahd would not allow any fresh military action against Iraq without a clear resolution frc., the U.N. Security Council and sufficient Arab and Islamic not go to Saudi Arabia. backing," said one Riyadh-based

He conceded that President George Bush would not have initially ordered the dispatch of warplanes without prior consultation with the Saudi monarch. "Bush is a seasoned diplomat

and understands the sensitivities of the region," said the diplomat. But as the tension was mounting, Sandi officials were already privately pointing to the massive array of hundreds of U.S. air force warplanes and helicopter gunships still in the area, and contending these would be sufficient for any military strike.

The New York Times reported late last week that Sandi Defence Minister Prince Sultan asked Washington to turn around the warplanes that were on their way to the Kingdom. This could not be verified im-

mediately. But all sources confirmed that the U.S. planes did Mr. Bush ordered the war-

at the U.N. General assembly that "we will not compromise" with Iraq over its nuclear, che-mical and bilogical programmes and its arsenal of Scud missiles.

But the American president meanwhile ordered the redeployment of two battalions of 1,400 U.S. troops to the Kingdom to assemble 96 Patriot missiles around major Saudi cities as a defensive curtain against the Iraqi Soviet-built Scuds.

An unspecified number of Patriots were already in the Kingdom, perhaps never shipped home after the Gulf war, said sources who estimated that each battalioo would be operating three batteries, and each battery would have four launchers of four

Jane's Defence Weekly said the Saudis want to have 26 batteries of Patriots.

Israel rejects The showdown began after the Iraqis demanded the inspectors Iranian demand

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israel criticised Iran Saturday for saying the release of more Western hostages depended on the Jewish state freeing more Arab prison-

Israeli defence ministry spokes-man Danny Naveh said further gestures by Israel hinged on it receiving news about missing Israeli servicemen.

"We expressed our willingness to make further gestures but we expect the Iranians will meet their commitment to give U.N. Secretary-General (Javier) Perez de Cuellar information," he said. He was reacting to Iranian

Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati's remarks at a news conference in the United Nations at which he said Israel should free more Arab detainees. "One thing that is important is the release of the Lebanese who

have been abducted from the southern part of Lebanon by Israel... for this comprehensive process of getting the release of all hostages," Mr. Velayati said Friday. It was oot clear whether Mr.

Velayati's remarks covered

American hostage Jospeh Ciccipio. A Muslim fundamentalist source said Thursday that he would be freed on or before Sunday and that Israel would, in (Continued on page 5) move nuclear weapons associated.

Gorbachev hails Bush call for arms cut, but 'questions remain'

MOSCOW (Agencies) - Presi Saturday that U.S. President George Bush's sweeping proposal to reduce the U.S. nuclear arsenal "promises a serious movement loward a nuclear-free world."

Mr. Gorbachev, speaking on national television, had no concrete counterproposal but called Mr. Bush's plan "very positive." He said many questions had to be answered before the Soviet

Union could respond. "It is still premature to assess the whole scope of these proposals, especially as regards concrete issues," be said.

"It would be too hasty on our

part and unconvincing for everyone. Nonetheless, from what we know, we can say it is a serious proposal although it raises many questions in my mind." The sweeping plans announced

Friday night by President Bush will dramatically reduce the U.S. nuclear arsenal A senior administration official said the moves were being made unilaterally with the expectation that the Soviet Union will re-

the steps "could and would be reversed. According to the plan, the United States will: - Bring home and destroy all

of its nuclear artillery shells and

all nuclear warheads for its

ciprocate. If not, the official said,

ground-based short-range mis-- Remove all tactical nuclear weapons, including nuclear cruise missiles, from surface ships and attack submarines, and also re-

U.S. begins bold reductions in nuclear, alert status

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States Saturday began major cuts in its nuclear forces worldwide. Defence Secretary Dick Cheney told reporters at the Pentagon he had ordered U.S. strategic nuclear bombers off war alert by the

end of the day and that withdrawal or destruction of 2,600 atomic artillery shells, short-range missiles and bombs would begin shortly. "This morning I have signed the 'execute' order taking our strategic bomber force and our Minuteman-2 missile force off alret status, thereby implementing the first part of the president's decision," Mr. Cheney told a news conference.

He said the "standing down" of 40 B-1B and B-52 bombers in the United States to routine status after 24 years of alert and slashing America's short-range nuclear arsenal could be halted or reversed in

with land-based naval aircraft. Many of these weapons will be destroyed hut some will be

- Remove all U.S. strategic bombers from day-to-day alert from their inventories. status and return their weapons

- Remove from alert all U.S.

intercontinental ballistic weapons scheduled to be deactivated under the recently negotiated Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty (START). Once START is ratified, the United States will

accelerate their climination. .— Scrap plans to put the 10-warhead MX missile on rail cars and to develop a mobile launcher for the single-warhead "Midget-

man" missile. - Cancel the onclear short-

range attack missile. - Create a new U.S. strategic command designed to improve command and control of all U.S. strategic and nuclear forces.

 Propose the United States and the Soviet Union seek early continental ballistic missiles (ICBMS) with multiple warheads

- Propose discussions with the Soviet Union to explore soopera-tion on nuclear communication on nuclear communication and control, warhead section and safety, and safe and entiremen-tally responsible stories trans-portation, dismantling and destruction.

Mr. Gorbachev said Mr. Gorbachev said Stribday:
"What I have to say it all these proposals are too massive for me to able to give an assessment.

them at the moment.'

He noted that the U.S. states a season and the U.S. states als was a unilateral of the U.S. states as the U.S. states as a unilateral of the U.S. states as the U.

longstanding Soviet proposal that

(Continued on page 5)

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Iraq calls for probe into American burying of its troops

UNTIED NATIONS (R) -Iraq's foreign minister called Friday for an international investigation and condemnation of the use of United States tanks to bury Iraqi troops alive in their trenches during the Gulf war.

"The battlefront ... witnessed the worst of American ignominy and cowardice when the Americans chose to use tank ploughs to bury thousands of Iraqi soldiers alive in their trenches instead of having to fight them on the battlefield," Foreign Minister Ahmad Hussein Khudayer said in a speech to the U.N. General

Assembly.

He said Pentagon sources admitted the "actual perpetration of this ahiect operation" when the story was published in the American press earlier this

"We call upon the international community through this gathering and through the other regional and international organisations to condemn this criminal act, investigate it and hold its perpetrators fully responsible."

"We also call upon the Interna-Cross to conduct an investigation of the matter and take the measures necessary for the bodies of our martyrs to be brought

Near the start of his speech, the minister expressed regret that U.S. President George Bush, in a speech to the assembly on Mon-day, resorted to "nntoward attacks against the president of my country in a manner incom-

patible with diplomatie practice." "If we were to call the American president names, as he allowed himself to do to my president, we would wonder

what to call one who killed women, children and the elderly with his pieces and missiles, who bombarded the Amirieh shelter (in Baghdad) killing more women and children, what we could call one who gave the orders to bury. Iraqi soldiers alive, one whose forces targeted baby-food factories, and lastly one who insists on depriving a population of 18 milhon from food and medicine and

all other means of livelihood."
Referring to U.N. sanctions imposed on Iraq after its invasion of Kuwait last year, Mr. Khudayer said the continuation of the "inhuman embargo against Iraq and its people in spite of Iraqi acceptance of all Security Council resolutions" was a flagrant exploitation of their suffering for purely political aims.

He said no council resolutions authorised the United States and its allies to destroy Iraq.

"No one in his right mind can accept that destruction of all Iraqi civilian installations was their only way to force the Iraqi forces out of Kuwait.

The minister departed from his prepared speech to criticise the manner in which U.N. inspectors charged with finding and destroying Iraq's weapons of mass destruction conducted them-

He said the American leader of a U.N. team, David Kay, had attempted to seize the personnel files of atomic energy experts.

Repeating previous Iraqi asser-tions; he said these documents that were not covered by Security Council resolutions demanding the U.N. dismantle Iraq's weapons of mass destruction.

He said this was a risk to the life of those people because the files would inevitably reach fore-



Ahmad Hussein Al Khudayer

ign intelligence agencies, such as Israel's Mossad, which he ac-cused of having already assassinated Iraqi nuclear experts. He personally attacked Mr.

Kay as the same person who previously "made the same noise against Iraq."
His timing, the minister said,

was to make sure the economic embargo against Iraq stayed in place and showed the "tendentions nature of this group." The Iraqi minister said the

question of Palestine was the most flagrant example of what he called the double standard adopted by the countries of the West, led by the United States. "While many countries call for

the implementation of international legitimacy and seek to hide their illegitimate acts against Iraq behind that slogan, some of them still ignore the rights of the Palestinian people," he said. He said the first thing to be

implemented was an Israeli withdrawal from all occupied Palestinian territories, including Jerusalem, and a halt to the immigration of Jews from the Soviet Union and other countries.

"We stress that Iraq's principled stand is to support the Palestinian people led by the Palestine Liberation Organisation in its struggle to regain all its firm rights," Mr. Khudayer said.

Limited Iraqi oil export through Turkey to begin soon

By a Jordan Thnes Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Turkey's insistence on a higher rate for transit charges of Iraqi oil through its territory is slowing down the beginning of Iraqi oil exports worth \$1.6 billion endorsed by the United Nations Security Council earlier this month, according to highly-informed sources who add that they remained hopeful that the issue would be resolved soon.

The Turkish position is understandable but not logical," said the source, an official of a United Nations special panel, set up to handle U.N.-imposed procedures related to the restricted Iraqi oil exports through pipelines in Turkish territory to the Mediterranean.

"The prevailing thought (in the U.N.) is that the amount demanded by Turkey is too high," the source said confirming that Ankara was asking for roughly \$1 per barrel compared with 77 cents prior to the Gulf crisis.

According to the source, who insisted on anonymity, Turkey, which argues that it lost up to \$380 million in oil transit charges as a result of the closure of the pipeline since August 1990, has proposed a total of \$264 million as its fees for allowing the limited Iraqi oil exports.

"Contacts are continuing, and we hope that an agreement will be reached soon," the source added.

The proceeds from the oil sales will be channelled to a

special fund, which will use part of the amount to meet the food and medicine needs of Iraq and part to pay costs incurred by the U.N. to monitor Iraq's compliance with Gulf ceasefire terms and destroying Iraq's mass destruction weapons.

The source agreed with independent estimates that the net amount that would reach Iraq in the form of food and medicine could be less than \$700 million, "and it could still go down if the Turkish demand is met in full."

Iraq, despite its rejection of U.N. controls, is fully geared up to start limited oil exports after a 13-month hiatus brought about by the international trade embargo imposed against it following its invasion of Kuwait in August 1990.
Oil experts believe that the

bulk of the exports will find its way to Europe. They have calculated that Iraq needs to export 500,000 barrels a day equivalent to one supertanker a week - for six months to reach the \$1.6 billion mark

. According to Iraqi sources, oil facilities in Iraq have been repaired to the extent that the country can export up to 1.18 million barrels per day initially and raising the volume to the full capacity of 1.5 million barrels a day of the Turkish pipeline. This might bring down the time element to less than three months to reach the \$1.6 billion figure.

The 960-kilometre twin pipeline from the northern oil

fields of Iraq to Turkey's Mediterranean terminals has not been damaged in the allied bombing during the war. It is believed that the pipeline was spared after a specific request was made by Turkey to the allied coalition which fought the Gulf war

against Iraq.

Over eight million barrels of oil still in the pipelines through Turkey in addition to 1.58 million barrels in 12 tanks at the Turkish terminal of Yumurtalik, according to Iraqi Oil Ministry sources. Close to another 30 million

barrels remain in two other pipelines, running through Saudi territory to the Red Sea port of Yanbu, but this stock will have to await better political relations between Baghdad and Riyadh, the sources said. In any event, these facilities have sustained considerable damage, they

Traders who have dealt with Iraq prior to the Gulf crisis say that Italy, France, Turkey, Spain and Greece would be the main buyers of Iraqi oil. Norway said this week that it was temporarily lifting the ban on Iraqi oil. Similar announcements are expected from other countries soon.

American oil companies are not expected to buy Iraqi crude for several reasons, the first and foremost being political and then the bureaucratic procedures under which bovers settle accounts through an escrow account controlled by the United Na-

Algerian

leader -

arrested

ALGIERS (R) — Security forces have arrested the interim leader

of Algeria's main opposition par-ty, the Muslim fundamentalist Islamic Salvation Front (FIS), af-

ter storming its Algiers headquar-ters, the party said. Sheikh Abdul Kader Hachani

was arrested several hours after

Friday prayers by six armed

police burst into the offices of the

front's provisional exocutive

bureau, a party statement added. Sheikh Hachani, 35, was de-

Madani and Ali Belhadj who

were detained in June on charges

of conspiracy against the state after fundamentalist street vio-

lence in which officials said 55

tising for FIS leaders Abassi-

Under the system proposed by the U.N., 30 per cent of the proceedings will be set aside as war reparations to be paid by Iraq under Security Council resolutions setting Gulf war ceasefire terms. In addition, the cost of U.N. supervision of the destruction of Iraq's mass destruction weapons will also be paid for from the revenues.

Outstanding claims by any government or any other party against Iraq will not be entertained under the escrow account.

U.N. conditions attached to the sale include:

- All contracts for Iraci oil exports have to be approved by the Security ouncil's Sanctions Committee. Purchasers should notify the committee and follow the procedures set up by the committee:

- Purchasers will open a letter of credit favouring a U.N. escrow account for each transactions:

- The exports, will be limited to the Kirknk-Yumurtalik pipeline; U.N.-appointed inspec-tors will verify that the price

is realistic in terms of prevailing market conditions; - The oil exports will be immune from claims from any quarters against Iraq; The procedures for essen-

tial food and medicine sup-

plies for Iraq include: --- The Iraqi government will provide lists of requirements and these lists are subject to approval by the Sanc-. tions Committee.

turn also inform the U.N. secretary-general of each approved Iraqi purchase contract and the secretarygeneral will authorise pay-

ment from the escrow account. United Nations agents will monitor every phase of the transaction and can physically inspect the goods until

the time of entry to Iraq. - Distribution of goods will be arranged between the U.N., represented by special envoy Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan, and the Iraqi govern-ment but the U.N. will have the final say in determining which areas and which sectors will have priority in receiving supplies.

Although Iraq has vehe-mently rejected the U.N. su-pervision and sought a fiveyear moratorium in paying war reparations to Kuwait and other parties, Baghdad has no choice but to accept the limited deal since internal difficulties are mounting.

A recommendation by the U.N. secretary-general that the permitted amount of Iraqi oil sales be raised to \$2.4 billion from \$1.6 billion was rejected by the Security Council.

According to the com-munications and transport minister of Iraq, Abdul Sattar Al Muini, even an amount of \$2.6 billion will be nowhere near Iraq's needs of food and medicine. However, he has pledged that all oil proceeds will be used on Iraqi

Iran to hold on to Iraqi planes

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) - Iran is willing to return several Kuwaiti commercial jetliners seized by Iraq during its 1990 invasion of Kuwait, but will keep more than 130 Iraqi military planes for the time being, a top Iranian official said Friday.

Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati told a news conference that the fate of the Iraqi air force planes, mostly fighters and low-level bombers, "depends on the United Nations," but declined to be more specific. The United Nations is charged

eight-year Iran-Iraq war and the planes could figure in a final settlement of war damages. Also, during the Gulf crisis, the United Nations ordered a freeze on all Iraqi assets worldwide.

Facing mounting losses at the bands of U.S. and allied warplanes during the Gulf war, Iraqi pilots flew about 140 planes to neighbouring Iran:

Although it was not clear whether the pilots were acting under order to save Iraq's fast-dwindling air force or defecting on their own, several of the planes were shot down by the allies en route and others crashlanded in Iran.

Iran later announced that Iraqi planes landing at its bases would be impounded until the end of hostilities.

U.S. military officials said that about 140 Iraqi aircraft fled to Iran, including most of Iraq's top-line, Soviet-built MiG-29s as well as a variety of other combat and support planes. Some renian air force markings.

"They are there and it depends on the decisions of the U.N., the destiny of these aircrft." Mr. Velayati said in response to a

He said "some civilian planes" belonging to Knwait and seized by the Iraqis at Kuwait's international airport would be returned to that country. "We have asked a delegation to come and start negotiations to get these planes,"

While Mr. Velayati did not offer precise figures, an Iraqi iournalist said there were six Kuwaiti Airbus jetliners in Ira-

'Israel must free more Arabs'

Mr. Velayati also said that Israel must release more Arab prisoners to gain freedom for the remaining Western hostages in

Mr. Velayati told the news conference that U.N. Secretarywho mediated the release of three hostages from Lebanon since August, remained very optimistic about the prospects for eight other foreigners still being beld

"One thing that is important is the release of the Lebanese who have been abducted from the southern part of Lebanon by Israel... for this comprehensive process of getting the release of all hostages," Mr. Velayati said.

Iran, Gulf states promise peaceful settling of disputes opposition

UNITED NATIONS (R):... Iran and its Gulf Arab neighbours have defined their relationship in the post-Gulf war era, promising to settle disputes peacefully and recognise each other's frontiers.

United in their opposition to Iraq's invasion of Knwait, the foreign ministers of Iran and the six-member Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) issued a statement Friday saying they would meet again early in 1992. Members of the GCC are Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Kuwait, Qatar,

Oman and the United Arab Emi-

Iran has been eager to alla traditional mistrust with the Gulf countries and assume a more

Following is the commu issued by the foreign ministers of the GCC and Iran following meeting at the United Nations

The foreign ministers of the GCC and the Islamie Republic of Iran held their second annual meeting: in New York on Sept. 27, 1991.

The ministers reviewed issues

of mutual interest in a spirit of Islamic brotherhood and cordiality. They expressed satisfaction at the development of their relations and reiterated their determination to continue strengthening their relations and cooperation in various fields, based on the principles of the charters of the United Nations and the Organisation of the Islamic Conference and international law applicable to the development of cordial relations among their nations, and in particular respect for sovereignty and territorial in-tegrity, inviolability of interna-tionally recognised boundaries, peaceful settlement of disputes, non-resort to force or the threat non-interference in the . internal

understanding. The ministers reviewed the current level of relations between the GCC countries and the Islamic Republic of Iran and agreed. to meet in the region at the ministerial level in the first quarter of 1992 with a view to establishing a framework for the strenthening of their relations.

affairs of each other, and promo-

tion of dialogue and mutual

persons died. Troops and riot police surrounded the Bab. Al Oved mosque, a major FIS rallying point in an Algiers suburh, to prevent fundamentalists entering the. building Friday, witnesses said. Sheikh Hachani, denounced

the "besieging of the mosques' but called on supporters to disperse quietly and avoid forming groups. President Chadli Benjedid imposed a state of siege on June 5,

sacked the government and post-poned mutil-party elections planned for June after a series of strikes by the FIS triggered street The state of siege, declared for four months, will end on Sunday,

six days before it was due to

The show of force around the mosque Friday appeared to be a signal to the FIS that the authorities would not tolerate disturbances two days before a state of siege is to be lifted.

The government wants to hold multi-party elections before the end of the year.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

EC seeks Cyprus wording before talks

BRUSSELS (R) European Community (EC) foreign ministers: will try Monday to raise their concern about Cyprus in a way, which will not spoil their first formal political talks with Turkey, for five years, EC sources said Friday. The last time the EC-Turkey Association Countril attempted to meet in 1988. Turkey boycotted the talks on learning that Cyprus would be mentioned, at Greece's insistence, in the EC's opening statement. Turkey alone recognises a self-proclaimed Turkish-Cypriot state protected by Turkish troops in the northern third of the island. The EC's Dutch presidency initiated Monday's association council meeting as a positive gesture towards Ankara, which has drawn closer to the West, especially in supporting the U.S. led coalition against Iraq in the Gulf war. But Greek Prime Minister Constantine Mitsotakis said in Athens Thursday that there could be no rapprochement between the EC and Turkey until the Cyprus dispute was resolved, adding that Greece expected its EC partners to support this attitude. "The Greeks are looking to provoke a dramatic outcome," one EC source said after EC national government officials failed this week to come up with a wording on Cyprus which would satisfy Athens without s Turkish walkout. EC diplomats said ministers would make a last attempt on Monday to find a common position, a few hours before they were due to meet and then dine with a Turkish delegation led by Foreign Minister Safa Giray.

Nigeria verifying identities of deportees

LAGOS (R) --- Nigerian security agents are still questioning some of the 560 people deported from Libya to verify their claims of being Nigerians, Vice-President Augustus Aikhotmu said Friday. "There are a lot of questions the security agents want to find answers to," Mr. Aikhomn told reporters. "If you say you are a Nigerian, we want to know your local government area. We want to know how you came about your travel documents. Did they originate from here or our embassy in Tripoli," Mr. Aikhomu said at his weekly news briefing. The deportees, brought to said at his weekly news briefing. The deponees, brought to Nigeria aboard Libyan planes since late August, have been detained at a camp for Haj pilgrims, guarded by armed troops, near Lagos airport. The News Agency of Nigeria (NAN) said only 120 remained at the camp. The rest had left voluntarily, it added. It quoted some of the remaining deportees as saying they had en subjected to rigorous interrogation. They complained that life in the mosquito-infested camp was hard. The state-owned New Nigerian daily quoted security sources as saying that 90 per cent of the deportees who arrived on Sept. 10 and false passports.

Floods kill one in northern Iran

NICOSIA (R) — Floods in Iran's northern Gilan province killed one person and severely damaged several villages, the national Iranian news agency IRNA reported on Saturday. The agency, received in Cyprus, said the floods followed heavy rain. Relief agencies had rushed food, clothes, tents and blankets to the province bordering the Caspian Sea.

Extracts from Palestinian resolution on peace conference

ALGIERS (R) - Following is a Reuter translation of extracts from the Middle-East peace conference resolution passed Saturday by the Palestine National Council (PNC):

In harmony with the Palestinian peace intiative in 1988 and international and Arah legality the PLO has dealt in a positive and effective manner with the international peace ideas, proposals and initiatives which were based on international

legality And it has also welcomed the positive elements in the address of American President George Bush and the stands of the European Community, The Soviet Union. non-aligned states and other international entities.

The PLO, which has welcomed the current peace efforts and dealt with them positively including the call announced by Presidents Bush and Gorbachev to convene the peace conference on resolving the conflict in the Middle East, sees that the success of the efforts to convene the peace conference requires continuing work with the other parties to achieve the following princi-

ples:

1. The peace conference based on international legality and its resolutions - including Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 and abiding by their implementawhich ensure the full Israeli withdrawal from Arab and Palestinian occupied lands including sacred Jeru-salem, and enshrine the principle of land for peace and the national and political rights of the Palestinian

> Stressing the consideration of Jerusalem as an indivisible part of the Palestinian occu

pied land, and in line with U.N. and Security Council resolutions that which applies to all occupied lands applies to Jerusalem.

3. A halt to the building of settlements on occupied land. including sacred Jerusalem, as an indispensable necessity to start the peace process and the necessity to provide international guarantees to ensure

4. The right of the PLO, as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people, to form the Palestinian delegation from inside

and outside the homeland, including Jerusalem. The establishing of a formula for PLO participation and an equal footing and with the PLO as the point of reference.

5. Coordinating the Arab stances to ensure a comprehensive peace and eliminate separate solutions in line with Arah summits' resolutions. 6. Ensuring the linkage between the stages of the solution to arrive at a final and comprehensive solution according to international

JORDAN TELEVISION

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10-70	Le Chevalier de Ciel
15:00	News in French
27-09	The state of the s
27:13	Music
ני יין	News in Hebrew
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#4.VV	News in Arabic
20:30	· The Simpsons
21:10	Documentary
ZZ:00	News in English
22.20	Kojak

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Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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Dr. Salman Al Daboubi 661912 First pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Ascma pharmac 637055 623672 636730 . 644945 . 637660 Dr. Ali Al San Dr. Akram Haddad

Food Control Centre 637111

Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate 192, 621111, 637777 Fire Brigade, Blood Bank . 891228 7512 Highway Police Traffic Police 630321 Flotel Complaints
Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 605800 Overseas Calls ... 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs ... Jordan Television Radio Jordan 773111 Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615

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Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafoes Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

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MARKET PRICES

UNRWA commission tours camps, shocked by crowded conditions

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Members of the advisory commission of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) Saturday toured refugee camps in and around Amman and said later that they were shocked at the condition of schools congested with great numbers of students including thousands who returned from Kuwait.

UNRWA schools are located inside the camps which were visited by the commission members, who also toured the health and were briefed on the agency's services, according to Japan's representative in the commission, Tetsuva Endo.

We believe that the United Nations ought to give more attention to the educational and health services carried out by the agency in Jordan and other fields of operation in the area," said Mr. Endo in an interview with the Jordan Times shortly after con-

ducting the tour in the camps. UNRWA was earlier reported to have accepted nearly 6,000 returnee children and was struggling to offer students and needy refugees educational and health

"We visited the centres for the rehabilitation of disabled and were impressed by UNRWA workers and local residents trying to offer help to the bandicapped," Mr. Endo said.
But, he added, the agency needs assistance to offer better services in this respect.

"We are going to the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip via the King Hussein Bridge tomorrow in order to conduct a similar tour of the camps there," Mr. Endo said. "Our observations and impressions will be discussed in detail at a meeting in Vienna next week with the commissioner general, Mr. Ilter Turkmen, who plans to submit a detailed report on the subject and UNRWA's financial situation to the U.N. General Assembly soon.

Apart from Japan, the advisory commission groups representa-tives of Belgium, Egypt, France, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Turkey, the United Kingdom and the United States. They held a meeting in Amman last week to discuss UNRWA-related affairs.

At its first ever meeting outside Vienna, the commission heard Jordan's delegate submitting a number of requests to the agency for promoting services to the

Adel Irsheid, who is director of the Foreign Ministry's Department for Palestinian Affairs, spoke on behalf of the Arah countries hosting refugees and demanded among other things that UNRWA headquarters be moved to Beirut from Vienna to be closer to the fields of operations for the refugees and to cut down on expenses.

There are 260,000 journalists

in 106 organisations in 92 coun-

tries that stretch over five conti-

nents and for whom we have a great responsibility," Mr. Gati-

"And this symposium directs

attention to journalists who cover

conflicts and their role in attain-

ing complete information during

Khaled Al-Karaki, who depu-

tised for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, said that

the interaction during this sympo-

sium between journalists from many outstanding organisations will increase journalists know-ledge as they share their experi-

ences in covering war and as they

move forward in achieving more

freedom of expression so that journalists become "witnesses for

what goes on around them and

form a wall against injustices so

that they present to people an undistorted picture of what is

happening and aid people in

knowing the truth when informa-

tion is altered or censored. It is at

such times that journalists' free-



Prime Minister Taker Mauri addresses meeting in which he called for provincial governors to be

Prime minister urges provincial governors to address problems

AMMAN (Petra) — Decentraisation and entrusting further authority in provincial governors to enable them to deal with pressing sues in their own regions were discussed in detail by Prime Minister Taher Masri at a meeting with provincial governors in the

The meeting, attended hy Minister of Interior Jawdat Al Shoul and other officials, focused on proper measures by which the provincial governors can help the government find solutions to local problems, according to Mr.

Speaking after the meeting

Shoul said that the meeting was within the framework of the Masri government's policy of enhancing the concept of democracy and in line with the directives given to the government by His Majesty King Hussein.

The prime minister was keen to inform the governors of the new economic, political and social developments on the local and regional levels and the efforts being exerted by the government to deal with them, the interior

The prime minister stressed the

implement programmes designed to promote services in their respective regions in accordance with a set of priorities.

Among other topics discussed at the meeting was the question of conducting a census of the number of stock breeders in various provinces, he said.

Mr. Shoul added that the prime minister instructed the governors to have a very careful and accurate census with a view to belping decision-makers and concerned authorities to conduct fair distribution of fodder and animal

Discoverer of Petra to be honoured

AMMAN (J.T.) — An exhibition of photographs of the Swiss explorer Johann L. Burckhardt will be opened at the Nabatean city of Petra Monday at a ceremony to be attended by Her Majesty. Queen Noor and Minister of Tourism Abdul Karim Al Kabariti as well as other officials and dignitaries.

At the ceremony, the Queen will present a special Royal moral to a descendant of Mr. Burkhard's in recognition of his great service to the Kingdom by discovering the rose red city in 1812. The medal will be presented to Jacob Burkhardt who is travelling to Jordan from Switzerland for the

ceremony.

The Swiss explorer, who lived between 1784 and 1817, was the first European in modern times to visit the ancient city of Petra and to arrive at the great Egyptian Temple at Abu Simbel.

Mr. Burckbardt, who was educated in England, toured parts of Greater Syria to learn Arabic and to accustom himself to Muslim life. In 1812, en route from Syria to Cairo, he discovered the important site

He added that IOI's major goals include stopping war propaganda, calling for the prevention Mr. Burckhardt, who took the name of Sheikh Ibrahim of war, and promoting peace for all peoples which are in tune with and often wore Muslim dress. left his large collection of Arathe United Nations' section bic manuscripts to Cambridge einst war propaganda. Minister of Information

University. The ceremony at Petra will include riding through the Siq on horses ans chariots towards the Khazneh where the Queen will hand over the decoration



Johann Ludwig Burckhardt Reducewired Petru m 1812

bestowed by His Majesty King Hussein to Jacob Burckhardt. Among those to be attending the ceremony will be Swiss ambassador to Jordan Bernar-

dino Sciolli and Luc Boissonnas, director of the Arts Council of Switzerland. The exhibition will remain open until

Two leftist deputies call on Masri to resign

Jordan has 'no interest' in current peace process, they say

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Two leftist deputies at the Lower House of Parliament Saturday called on Prime Minister Taher Masri to resign "because Jordan has no interest in joining the peace

Deputies Fakhri Kawar and Mansour Murad, both from the Jordan Arab National Democratic Alliance (JAN-DA), also urged fellow ministers to resign "because the government is going ahead to-wards a settlement of surren-

In a statement read out at a press conference, Mr. Kawar charged that Mr. Masri had told JANDA, which has five ministers in the government, that there was no settlement for the Palestine question and that the U.S. and President George Bush "were only man-

There has been newsreports

reshuffle his cabinet and that certain JANDA ministers will resign. On Friday, Mr. Masri told the French news agency (AFP) that the reshuffle

routine and limited." Mr. Kawar said he and his colleagues - Mr. Murad and deputy Hosni Shuyah, who could not attend the press conference because he was travelling — were not talking on behalf of JANDA.

"We (JANDA) held meetings but did not reach a decision" on whether to remain in the government, Mr. Kawar said. He said that there were different points of view at JANDA.

He added that he understood that Jordan was under tremendous pressure to attend the conferenc but said he saw no reason why Jordan should attend. "The Arab position is weak, the Arabs are defeated and any settlement will be in the interests of Israel and the

that Mr. Masri was about to "U.S., the leader of the new world order, he said.

Asked what alternative he is offering if Jordan did not attend, Mr. Kawar said have no alternative."

Mr. Murad added: "Going to the peace conference wil not save us of all sorts of pressures. What will save us is to learn the lessons of the past, especially the last one, the U.S. insistence on destroying

Iraq."
"We should build a new and which the modern Jordan in which the people take their role in facing the challenges," he said.

In their statement to the press, the deputies stressed that only more democracy and people participation will ensure a stronger. Jordan.

We must put an end to bureaucracy, corruption and hribery in the government administrative body. People's freedoms must be guaranteed — and people's potentials must be released," the statement

Local ADC chapter continues efforts to rally opposition to Israeli loan guarantees

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — On the occasion of

Child Day, Oct. 7, the Arab-American Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) is organising a dren from the refugee camps

taking part.
The children will be protesting the \$10 billion loan guarantees designed for the building of illegal Israeli settlements in the occupied territories. "It is an opposi-tion by children, who do not have any chance of growing up normal-ly, directed to the U.S. government," said Dr. Aida Dabbas, director of the ADC chapter in

Although Child . Day was march, the rally will take place on

So far, it is not known whether the marchers will head for the U.S. embassy or the United Nations headquarters.

The ADC, in protest of the illegal funding to Israel by the United States, in cooperation with the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA)

schools, will also be gathering a lieves the programme would regroup of children to paint drawings on the theme "Palestinian Child and Settlements." This will allow the children to

express their feelings about Israeli settlements and what .impact it has to their life," Dr. Dahbas told the Jordan Times. After being exhibited in Jor-

dan, the drawings will be sent to the ADC chapters in the United States where they will be exhibited and then sent as a gift to U.S. President George Bush. The ADC chapter in Jordan

has been campaigning vehemently against the loan guarantees through letter writing to President Bush, Secretary of State James Baker and United Nations Ambassador Thomas Pickering.

"We have been urging Jorda-nians to write as well," Dr. Dabbas said. "We have had success. Once, a gentleman came into the ADC office here and opened his briefcase. In it were 2,000 letters he had collected from Jordanian

In the United States, the ADC chapter's stand is that it opposes the \$10 billion loan guarantee proposal in its entirety and be-

sult in negative consequences at the national, regional and international levels. The U.S. chapters are lobbying and campaigning congressmen directly as well as through newspapers.

Meanwhile, in Jordan, "we are finding that people want to express their opinions," Dr. Dabbas said. "It is important that they take a stand and I think the U.S. government is somewhat surprised that the public is speak-

:Dr. Dabbas said that the ADC is trying to encourage Jordanians to write constantly and protest the loan guarantee. "We are sending faxes to companies telling them that we will help them by sending the letters for them,'

It is important that many people and institutions are reached and that they speak out against settlement building in the occupied Arab territories, she said. We believe it is internationally illegal and going against all the U.N. resolutions. We believe the U.S. should not be a party to illegal activities," Dr. Dabbas

Israel steps up land confiscations

AMMAN (Petra) - The Israeli 1991, according to a report issued by the Foreign Ministery's De-partment of Palestinian Affairs.

The report said that a total of 418.642 damums, or 7.29 per cent of land were confiscated during the period from January 1990 and June 1991, excluding land seized in the Jerusalem area...

The report quoted Al Haq occupation anthorities have Establishment, a legal body conscized 5.78 per cent of land in the cerned with human rights, as West Bank and Gaza Strip during saying that the Israeli occupation the period from 1988 until June anthorities confiscated 1,931 dunums last August, including 400 dunums from the Qalqiliah

> On Israeli settlement policy, the report said Israel plans to construct thousands of apartments to accommodate half a million new settlers during the

next five years. It noted that the number of Jewish settlers has exceeded 230,000, including .100,000 living in settlements built on the West Bank. The report said the number of settlers in the Jerusalem area is about 125,000.

The report disclosed Israeli plans to build 12 new settlements in the occupied West Bank. In addition to the establishment of a Jewish quarter in the Sheikh Jarrah area in Jerusalem.

Libyan health delegation ends four-day visit

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Libyan delegation led by Health Minister Zeidan Bader Zeidan left Amman for home at the end of a four-day visit to Jordan during which the two countries reached agreement on promoting bilateral cooperation in medical and health fields. Dr. Zeidan and his Jordanian

dom is not restricted," Dr. Al counterpart, Mamdouh Al Abbadi, signed the minutes of the The symposium, which will last three days, includes working pap-ers presented by journalists disdeliberations which provide closer cooperation among the private and the public health sectors of cussing their experiences while covering wars and other related both countries. A statement, summing up the

outcome of the meetings, said that the two sides agreed on increasing cooperation between the medical institutions in Libya and Jordan in the field of maintaining medical equipment, the exchange of expertise in medical matters and medicine production and distribution. The two sides also agreed that the director of the Medicine Control Laboratory in Libya visit Jordan at the head of a team to coordinate matters in this respect.

The statement said that Libya has agreed to give Jordanian pharmaceutical products preferential treatment in trade and to launch cooperation with Jor- Libyan delegation, told the Jor-

dan in the field of producing and marketing vaccines and to set up

Jordan, according to the statement, will help Libya set up a research centre in Tripoli similar to the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) in Amman.

ment, the two sides emphasised both countries.

The two sides agreed on a time table for such visits and on streamlining laws and regulations concerning teaching of medicine at institutions in the two coun-

Libyan government will allow Jordanian doctors and specialists to offer them equal treatment with their Libyan colleagues. Dr. Abbadi and Dr. Zeidan

agreed to convene a joint Jordanian-Libyan health committee in Amman before the end of 1991 and another meeting in Tripoli six months, later. Dr. Abbadi, who saw off the

dan News Agency, Petra, that the talks in Amman aimed at achiev-

achieving integration between the two countries, in health fields. "We have sought to benefit

from Jordanian expertise in medical and technical fields because this will promote cooperation between the two sides," Dr. Zeidan said. Dr. Zeidan invited Dr. Abbadi

to visit Libya for further talks on were constructive and fruitful and scopes of bilateral cooperation.

U.S. IMMIGRATION

Haig V. Kalbian Attorney-at-Law, Washington, D.C. Fluent in English, Arabic & French

Mr. Kalbian, a highly respected corporate and immigration lawyer will be in Amman during the second half of October 1991.

Appointments are now being taken. If you are interested in U.S. immigration based on the new law of 1990, a consultation

The new law eases immigration requirements in some of these

- investments

Intra-company transfers

Highly skilled professionals, researchers & professors
 Family relations in the United States

Consultation fee - Seventy Five Dollars.

Investment packages will be available for review.

ADVERTISEMENT



New hair product to be introduced

AMMAN — Mithieb Haddad and Sons Company (agents of the Darteh Company in Ger-many) last Wednesday held a dinner at the Jordan InterContinental Hotel under the patronage of Husam Musmar, president of the Jordan Pharmacists Association, to introduce the new stimulant hair shampoo Neril.

The dinner was attended by a large audience of pharmacists and other concerned groups. Neril has been created specially as a stimulant shampoo to deal with the problem of early

hair loss and to create an opportune climate for sound hair growth. Neril can revive hair bulbs which have lost the ability to function regularly. It should be noted that Neril

has benefited millions of people around the world and proved its effectiveness in numerous cases of early hair Mithieb Haddad and Sons

Company has won a concession to manufacture the Neril shampoo in Jordan and plans to place the new product on the market soon.

Indan Press Association President Hashest Khreinst addi journalists at conference on roll of press during war (Petra photo)

Symposium highlights dangers and responsibilities of press during war

By Maha Addasi Special to the Jordan Times

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AMMAN — The Jordan Press Association (JPA), in cooperaof deport tion with the International Organisation of Journalists (IOJ), Saturday started an international symposium, entitled "Media Coverage at Times of War. Objectivity and the Role of Journalists" at which the subject of jour-

halists' safety while covering con-flict was presented and discussed. The symposium, the first of its kind in Jordan, taking place at the Plaza Hotel, comes in the first year after the IOJ adopted a constitution that tries to give proper dimension to the professional aspect of journalism; Hashem Khreisat, the president

of JPA said. "This seminar is held in the first year after IOI progressed beyond a historic landmark by adopting a more developed constitution suited to its march to broader horizons in the service of journalism and journalists so that now information can be treated in spirit of seriousness and respontibility meeting with the aspira-tions of the journalists of the world," said Mr. Khreisat, adding that journalists have often payed with their lives and are exposed to harassment, imprison-ment, detention and censorship when covering wars and crises. The director general of IOJ, Serard Gatinot, said that IOJ has great responsibility for the many journalists and must, therefore, ensure their safety and their

freedom of expression at all

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

Exhibition of water colour paintings by Charles Foster-Hall at the British Council.

★ Exhibition of pointings by Jordanian artist Marwan Al 'Allan at the Royal Cultural Centre.

★ Lecture, in Arabic, entitled "The Muslins" Attitude Towards
 Western Civilisation" by Egyptian intellectual Hussein Alamad
 Auth at the Abdul Humeed Shoman Foundation at 6:30 p.m.

joint factories for the production ing integration between the two of medical equipment ntilising countries in health-related fields. plastic products supplied by the He said Jordan is to send doctors and specialists to work in Libyan

Also, according to the state-

the importance of cooperation in health education and . exchange visits by experts from

The statement noted that the

hospitals and will admit Libyan patients into Jordanian hospitals for particular types of treatment. Dr. Zeidan said that the talks

with Dr. Abbadi and his team

with Attorney Kalbian is a must.

Call 615358 for an appointment.

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

وبن تابع يرمية عربية سياسية مستقلة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة المسعمة الأرسية

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Mature choice

THE ASSURANCES to the Palestinians that U.S. President George Bush relayed through King Hassan II of Morocco that the U.S. "supports the political rights of the Palestinian people based on all United Nations Middle East-related relations" served as an additional impetus for the Palestine National Council (PNC) to accept Palestinian participation in the proposed October peace conference. These assurances came on the heels of what U.S. Secretary of State James. Baker had to offer during his Sept. 19 meeting in Amman with Dr. Hanan Ashrawi, a Palestinian representative who closely identifies herself with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Mr. Baker told Dr. Ashrawi that the U.S. recognises and treats the Palestinians as "people." - Such timely American policy statements and reaffirmstions of position made it easier for the Palestinians to vote in favour of joining the U.S.-led peace process. As there is no way to separate the political rights of any people from their right to exercise self-determination, by virtue of the fact that self-determination is the very epitome of political rights under international law and the guidelines adopted by the U.N., the Palestinian leaders must have felt sufficiently reassured not to press the point any further during their deliberations at the PNC session in Algiers. Perhaps this would explain why the PNC decided against insisting on specifically mentioning the right to self-determination as the basis for the proposed peace conference.

The stage is thus set for an effective Palestinian participa tion in the peace process while Israel has also been deprived of any excuse to abort the proposed conference and blame the Arab side for the failure of the ongoing efforts to resolve the Arab-Israeli conflict in all its dimensions. This time around, Israel will have to reckon with a series of developments not only from Washington and the international community but also from the Arab side, particularly

The maturity exemplified by the PLO at the PNC meeting has effectively enhanced the prospects for convening the peace conference as scheduled. Nonetheless, there should be no illusions that the negotiations at the conference will be smooth sailing or swift in bearing fruit. On the contrary, the vigil should be stepped up all along the way and every step against Israeli moves to create new obstacles.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir is already on record as against making any meaningful moves over any substantial issues involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict. The Israeli government's stand on building Jewish settlements in the occupied territories, on the issue of Jerusalem and on the political rights of the Palestinian people speaks volumes on the shape of things to come at the peace conference; that is not to mention issues such as the right to return of the Palestinian people, particularly those expelled from the occupied territories in violation of United Nations resolutions. Yet, once the peace process picks up momentum, it would be difficult to reverse it, particularly that it now appears that Washington has chosen to side with the cause of a just and permanent peace in the troubled Middle East.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

IF WHAT has been reported is true about the U.S. administration's determination to base the peace process on the concept of U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338, which guarantee the rights of the Palestinian people, then there is no doubt that the American position is taking a new positive trend with regard to the prospects of peace in the Middle East, said Al Ra'l Arabic daily Saturday. The paper called on the Arab governments not to remain passive vis-a-vis such a development but to respond favourably and act in a manner that would ensure Arab rights in accordance with the international legitimacy. No one can deny that the Arab masses are doubtful about the U.S. intentions, unless the words are backed by actions, because of the past experience with the successive American administrations which were totally biased towards Israel, the paper said. Israel's repression against the Palestinians, its defiance of the international community, its continued occupation of Arab land in disregard of the U.N. Security Council resolutions, have all contributed towards the present lack of confidence in the United States. added the paper. It said that the Arah masses have no real reason to be filled with hatred against the United States and are willing to cooperate with Washington to achieve peace based on justice.
The paper said that if the U.S. administration carries out its plan and achieves peace based on U.N. Security Council resolutions, there can be no doubt about the fact that peace can be reestablishsed in our region. It said that should peace indeed come about, it would open a new glorious chapter in Arab-

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily questioned the fate of the so-called Damascus declaration which contained provisions for the creation of an Arab deterrent force to be stationed in Kuwait to give protection to the emirate. Fahd Al Fanck said that the Damascus declaration had virtually died some weeks after its birth, following the Gulf war, with a decision on the part of Cairo and Damascus to pull out their forces from Kuwait and Saudi Arabia where they had been stationed during the Gulf crisis. The writer reminded his readers that the Kuwaiti rulers had conducted an underhand dealing, by going behind the backs of Arab countries and reaching out to the United States with which it eventually concluded a security pact that would last I0 years. Now that Kuwait is considered an American protectorate, the Arab forces of Egypt and Syria cannot maintain their presence in any form in the Arab emirate unless, of course, they wish to serve under the command of an American general, noted the paper. He said that if they decide to do that they will no doubt prove that they support such arrangement in the Gulf and virtually constitute an extension to the American presence there. The writer said that faced with a choice of Arab or American protection, the Kuwaiti rulers have opted for the second choice, and whether Damascus and Cairo will formally pronounce the death of the Damascus declaration remains to be seen.

Sunday's economic pulse

Does agriculture have a future?

Just forty years ago Jordan was an agricultural country in the full sense of the concept. The agricultural sector used to contribute around one quarter of the gross domestic product (GDP), and employ around one third of its labour force. About half the population depended directly or indirectly on agriculture for their living. At that time the overall economic situation and well-being of the people depended largely on whether or not the country had a good season. The good season in its turn depended on the quantity or rain fall and its balanced distribution over time.

All this came to an end in a very short period of time. Today, the agricultural sector does not contribute more than eight per cent of the gross domestic product. It does not employ more than eleven per cent of the labour force, mostly non-Jordanians. Whether the season is good or bad is not more significant, except for those few families who depend on agriculture for their living and do not have a member of the family drawing a salary as a

What is more important is that agriculture in Jordan seeins to have no future. First because the arable land is too little, less thaneight per cent of the country's total area. Second because this

already too little arable land is shrinking year after year due to the expansion of cities and towns. Third because Jordan is rather dry and has no sufficient water resources for irrigation. The Ministry of Water and Irrigation will not allow farmers in the Jordan Valley to utilise this season more than one third of their farms, simply because water is not sufficient. Fourth, because the water available for irrigation, little as it may be, will become less and less with time, because more and more of it will be directed to domestic use. Fifth, because ground water in Jordan is being depleted even at the present dangerous level of consumption. It was determined that ground water is being pumped at a rate faster than the annual recharge. Such a state of affairs will lower the level of ground water, cause salination and damage the environ-

The writer is in no need to be reminded of the importance of the agricultural sector, its high value added production, its ability to create the much needed jobs, its ability to enhance selfsufficiency and food security, its potential to produce exports and earn foreign exchange etc. All these are good arguments beyond dispute. But that should not prevent us from admitting the bitter

fact that the agricultural sector in Jordan is exposed to retraction. It does not have the capability of growth until such time when Jordan can secure new external water resources and protect the

arable land. The only feasible source of water under consideration is the Turkish peace pipe-line, which, if implemented, can give Jordan a substantial amount of additional water at an affordable cost.

Until then the facts should lead us to reconsider the structure of agricultural sector by shifting away from crops that need intensive irrigation such as bananas, and replacing them with other crops less greedy for water. Unfortunately, the government pricing policy of irrigation water runs contrary to this aim. Cheap water tempts farmers to produce water intensive products, especially for export. When we export agricultural produce we are, in effect, exporting subsidised water. The artificial profits achieved are nothing but part of the loss in subsidising the scarce water sold to farmers at 25 per cent of the running cost or 10 per cent of the total cost. Admittedly the cost of water may be inflated due to inefficiency of the public sector in charge of its production and

Arabs, Israelis grow nervous as peace conference approaches

By Alan Elsner Reuter

NEW YORK - The United States is almost ready to issue invitations to an Arab-Israeli peace conference but as the event draws nearer, the participants are growing more nervous about taking a plunge into the unknown.

. The closer you draw to some-thing that is a threshold event for these parties, the more they are going to want to talk about their concerns," a senior U.S. official

At the moment, U.S. Secretary of State James Baker is working hard to calm nerves on all sides before sending invitations to the

Mr. Baker, who may make one more trip to the Middle East, seems determined to convene the conference towards the end of next month, thus meeting a deadline laid down by President George Bush and Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev at their Moscow summit in July.

"We're going to keep plugging away, do the best we can and hope we can make something happen in October," Mr. Baker said on Thursday.

This week, in a series of meetings on the fringes of the United Nations General Assembly in New York, Mr. Baker has held lengthy discussions with Arab foreign ministers and with Israeli Foreign Minister David Levy.

The U.S. official said the taiks were aimed at calming their an anxieties. Mr. Baker was also drawing up letters of assurances to each party which would lay out procedure for the peace process and restate U.S. policy on key

"A lot of this is allowing each side to say, 'here is where we have concerns'... and having a chance to talk through now we approach this," he said.

Israel and its Arab neighbours have given conditional agreement to attend the peace conference. The Palestinian parliament-inexile meeting in Algiers appears

Mr. Baker has said he had still not decided on a date or venue for the conference, which will be a mainly ceremonial one or twoday event designed to launch bilateral negotiations between Israel and each of its Arab adver-

But the differences between Israel and the Arabs are so wide on all fundamental issues that many observers believe the process will get bogged down almost

immediately after that. Part of Mr. Baker's strategy is to design a process from which it will be difficult for any of the parties to walk away once the problems begin.

"He is trying to build some shock absorbers into a fragile process that could well tall apart imost instantly," said a Middle East diplomat.

Real peace talks will confront all parties with difficult dilemmas, but none more so than Israel. It will face the choice of

YUGOSLAVIA

on the point of giving its approval whether to try to hold on to to the conference. whether to try to hold on to occupied Arab lands or to exchange part of them for the prom-

Israel's right-wing government, led by hardline Prime, Minister Yitzhak Shamir, is ideologically committed to keeping the territories captured in the 1967 war. Virtually all Israelis insist there can be no compromise on Arab East Jerusalem and its outer rings of new Jewish neighbourhoods.

But sticking to such a position in the negotiations may cost Israel the support of its guardian ally and chief financier, the United States. On the other hand, moving towards territorial compromise will open Mr. Shamir to grave political risks at home from his right-wing and religious constituency.

Some officials and diplomats expect Mr. Shamir to stall for time, possibly by bringing down his coalition and calling new elec-

Neither Shamir nor the Arabs show any real enthusiasm for this States because everybody wants and needs the friendship of the conference. But will it be enough world's only superpower," said to get us to peace?"

process. They have been man-ocuvred into it by the United He added: "That may well be

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LETTERS

To complain or not to ...

To the Editor:

In the weeks following my previous two articles I monitored the media, and my mail box, for a reaction to my views. Perhaps not surprisingly, I did not see, or receive, any. Funnity enough though, I have been approached on a personal basis, sometimes even in a confidential manner. Feelings have been mixed. From all the service patrons and national tourists that have read the article, I received many a pat on the back. It is as if everyone is aware of the issues I pointed out but nobody dares comment

. A Hotel Association official, on the other hand, proceeded to elucidate a number of points, in criticising my arguments, that few in the public wouldbe aware of including me. However, it seems it is their policy not to get involved in public debates. Further more, one Tourism Ministry official, whom I met by chance while I was dining out one night, told me: "Guido! You are knocking Jordanian management, you are too young to do that." Knowing he was referring to my letter to the editor of August 29, 1991, I asked him if he would like to talk about it ... He did not like to. Well, it seems that I have inflamed the pride of many an entrepreneur. If that is so, then I have failed to achieve my original goal: improvement.

Let me clarify a number of things, I am not knocking anything or anyone. I may be too young, but what does that have to do with bringing to public attention a number of issues that had better be resolved before the country experiences future tourist influx. Why should some people take it personally? It is not meant to be. I apologize if I gave that impression. But let me throw-in my two

Public opinion is the single most important factor that makes or breaks a husiness. Critique is the cheapest and most reliable constructive feedback a business can receive. If more people complained, then service and quality would improve and sales would probably rise. I agree that travel agents, hoteliers, and restaurateurs have to put up with a large number of unreasonable complainers. Tell me about it. I have known people to complain about the pepsi being too fizzy, or a very well cooked fillet be chewy. Once, a guest even tried to bargain on the total of the bill as if be was buying a second hand bicycle. But this is no reason to shun critique altogether. Complaint handling is both an acquired skill and a marketing tool. We learn how to handle criticism so as to turn an unfavorable situation into a favorable one. A satisfied complainer tells five others how well they were treated. Conversely, if not properly handled, the dissatisfied customer tells nine others of your failings. "Front-line" employees should be provided with guidelines to handle complaints successfully, because, unless they see tangible results in facing irate guests, employees will tend to avoid what they consider to be a no-win situation. Finally, refunds are no solution to complaints. Customers expect a service, not a refund, which threatens to turn amateur complainers into cunning tricksters.

> P.O.Box 910787, Amman.

Arms embargo seen as little threat to Yugoslav army

By Dusan Stojanovic The Associated Press

M. KAHIL

BELGRADE — Serbia and its ally in the war with Croatia, the Federal Army, have little to fear from a U.N.-imposed arms embargo against all the factions fighting in Yugoslavia.

Yugoslaviz produces about 85 per cent of its military equipment domestically, so military analysts say its army, the biggest in the Balkans, will face only minor problems as a result of the embargo, approved Wednesday by the U.N. Security Council.

Of far greater concern for the Serbs and Federal Army is a manpower shortage. Many Yugoslavs, including Serbs, are dodging the draft or descring their units.

The arms embargo is more likely to hurt Croatian forces, who are fighting Serb rebels and the federal military almost entirely with weapons illegally supplied from abroad.

There have been frequent reports of Croats being arrested in the United States and European countries trying to smuggle

weapons into their republic. . Croatia has managed to supplement its meager supply of weapons by imposing an embargo on food, electricity and water to

army barracks in the republic and forcing some of them to surrender their arms. But it still is no match for the firepower of Serb and federal forces.

A day before the embargo was announced, military analyst Miroslav Lazanski of the Bel-grade daily Politika said in a television interview that an embargo would "not burt the

Yugoslavia has a large military industry, and earned about \$2 billion a year on arms exports, mainly to Iraq and other Arab countries. Much of the equipment, especially light weapons, has a worldwide reputation for and Bosma-Hercegovina - four

The army does import some sophisticated electronic gear for domestic-made warplanes, belicopters and radar systems. It imports spare parts for some of its older Soviet-built tanks and new -MiG 29 fighter planes, as well as electronics and ejector seats from

Britain, France and Sweden. But the army is known to bave good stocks of most of those parts

Serb rebels, with the backing of the Serb-dominated army. already have captured about a third of Croatia since the secondlargest Yngoslav republic declared independence June 25 together with neighbouring Slovenia.

Most of the estimated 600,000 ethnic Serbs living in Croatia say they do not want to live in an independent Croatia. They cite the memory of the independent pro-Nazi puppet state of World War II which killed an estimated 500,000 Serbs in concentration camps.

But Serb attempts to expand their borders into what is now Croatia could run around because of a lack of soldiers for the federal army.

Croatia, Slovenia, Macedonia out of six Yugoslav republics already have stopped sending re-

Most Croat and Slovene officers, including generals, have left the army in protest of military intervention in Croatia and earher in Slovema.

Faced with manpower shortages, the army, which was estimated to number 180,000 men in peace time, has started a massive call-up of Serb and Montenegriu

Unwilling to fight, thousands have refused the draft and thousands more have deserted despite warnings that they face

up to 10 years in prison.
In one vivid anti-war protest, army reservist Vladimir Zivkovic jumped in his armoured personnel carrier and drove from the front to the parliament building

in Belgrade Monday. There have been several demonstrations in Serbia against the draft and the call-up of reservists who claim they have been pushed

onto the battlefield unprepared.
"I don't want to fight this stupid war, especially not in the communist army," said a reserve army officer who identified himself only as Dragan. He deserted along with his unit of 100 men after spending a week fighting on the Serbian-Croatian border.

He said his unit frequently came under "friendly fire" from the army and that some of his soldiers were given weapons that did not work.

"In addition, a federal army jet bomberded our positions, injuring several of my men," said Dragan. He said he was not even given a map or binoculars, and while driving his tank had to stop and ask local residents for direc-

"In those circumstances, it was snicidal to stay there," he said. "If Serb politicians want to continue this war, they are more than welcome — but without me."

Calling a spade a spade

thieves of Baghdad.

I read the letter written by Mr. Inad Khairallah, titled "Who robbed whom"? which you published in your paper on Sept. 4. I am dismayed to see an Arab writing to defend crimes. Stealing is stealing whether from your neighbour, cousin or your own brother, and Kuwait was all of this to Iraq. There is nothing romantic about stealing.

I have spent the last 21 years in Kuwait building one of the most.

successful private schools in the Middle East. It has helped to educate thousands of Arabs and other nationalities to university level. During the Iraqi occupation of Kuwait, the school was turned by them into army barracks. They looted and wantonly destroyed every single laboratory, the computer centres, the entire music department and most of the other educational

departments and their equipment.

Many of my friends, including Palestinians and Jordanians, lost. their successful businesses and had their factories and workshops dismantled and removed to Iraq. That is not to mention the hundreds of thousands of ordinary people of all nationalities who lost everything and had to flee Kuwait as refugees. They did not want to remain in Kuwait while it was under Iraqi rule. Yes! It is unfair to compare Ali Baba with the twentieth century

Tareq S. Rajab, P.O.Box. 20817,

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferrably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused

Palestine National Conneil (PNC) on Saturday dropped Mohammad Abbas, the alleged mastermind of the 1985 Achille Lauro cruise ship hijacking, from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Executive Com-Same and the second

EPTEMBER,

Fahed Al

The departure of Mr. Abbas, better known as Abul Abbas, was: widely expected.

The election of the Executive Committee also brought in several new faces and was expanded from 15 to 18 members.

Yasser Arafat, PLO chairman. is trying to freshen the PLO's image and reportedly wanted Abul Abbas out of the limelight because of his past. Mr. Arafat was re-elected president of the State of Palestine

Abul Abbas, 50, leader of the Palestine Liberation Front, was replaced on the committee by an ide, Ali Ishak.

In October 1985, PLF guerrillas hijacked the Achille Lauro off Egypt. While at sea an American

(Continued from page 1)

There is no section saying we

will attend... it is aimed at facili-

tating the convening of a confer-

Washington has been pre-

for a clear "yes" from the Palesti-

seen as the last major obstacle to

U.S.-Soviet peace plan is prog-

ress and Arafat seems to have got

a mandate which will give him

quite of a lot of freedom to

manoeuvre," said one diplomat.

some tough problems to get

round, particularly the question

of any Palestinian delegation to a

conference, but there was a de-

ate with the PLO or Palestinians

from East Arab Jerusalem and

wants the right to veto members

Mr. Arafat himself in the five-

day meeting which ended before

dawn on Saturday, signalled a general desire for dialogue.

He announced that hardliner

Mohammad Abbas had resigned

from the PLO Executive Com-

mittee so as not to be an obstacle

Abul Abbas was replaced on the committee by the deputy-

Palestine Liberation Front (PLF)

Executive Committee were Sha-

fik Hout and Mohammad Zahdi

diplomat who helped negotiate

the guerrillas' evacuation from

Lebanon during Israel's 1982 invasion. Mr. Nashashibi served for

several years as the PLO's obser-

ver at the United Nations head-

A split in the Democratic Front

for the Liberation of Palestine,

the third largest of the PLO's

nised by the council which named

Mr. Abed Rabbo, who leads

the mutineers against DFLP

Secretary-General Nayof Hawat-

meh, retained his seat on the

committee, and Tayser Khaled, a

quarters in New York.

nine factions, was officially recog-

a member of each of the two wings to the Executive Commit-

The significant additions to the

Mr. Hout is a sharp-witted

to dialogue (see page 5).

leader, Ali Ishak.

Nashashibi.

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- #2"

of a Palestinian delegation.

Israel insists it will not negoti-

sire to make progress.

Another said there were still

convening the conference.

mians to attend, removing what is

"The specific mention of the

ence, not participation."

Abul Abbas participated in

tions to end the episode. But the United States said he was the mastermind of the operation. Italy held him in custody for a time, let him go for lack of evidence,

then eventually filed charges against him. He also was implicated in a failed raid on an Israeli beach in' May 1990 that left three of his men dead. Mr. Arafat apologised for the raid and said he had not been informed of it beforehand, but when he refused to expel Abul Abbas from the Executive Committee the United States en-

the PLO. I am committed to my faction's decisions and to the PNC decisions." Abul Abbas told the Associated Press during the coun-

ded 18 months of dialogue with

meeting.
"If the PNC does not want to resume armed struggle against Israel, then it is up to them." The PNC, ending a five-day meeting before dawn, elected a new 17-member Executive Com-

senior aide to Mr. Hawatmeh,

Fatch, by far the largest of the

factions, maintained the same

three representatives on the com-

mittee — Mr. Arafat, Mr. Kad-doumi and Mahmoud Abbas.

had supported the resolution pas-

sed by the PNC on the under-

standing that aims it set out were

strict conditions for participation

had threatened during pre-

conference negotiations to

boycott the PNC meeting unless

other groups agreed in advance to

reject the U.S. peace conference

The policy statement calls for

the right of the PLO to name the

Palestinian delegation and to de-

termine the formula of its parti-

cipation in the peace conference,

and the authority over the delega-

another Arafat adviser, was

asked if the PLO would actually

publicly name the delegates, he

replied, "that is a different

The PNC decision was a major

breakthrough, ending the impas-se in the delegates' discussions.

over Palestiman representation to

the peace conference, aimed in

part at establishing a Palestinian

The concessions may have re-

Palestinians that the conference

could be a last chance at some

It was unclear, however,

whether the compromise stance

would be accepted by Israel,

which has opposed any role --- no matter how subtle --- for the PLO

in the conference planned for

Mr. Arafat, who pushed the

document through the parlia-

ment, strode to the stage after the

fore, that we will continue to

Hardliners opposed to the U.S.

peace initiative particularly

opposed the part saying the PLO had welcomed the U.S. efforts.

It read: "The PLO which has

welcomed the current peace

"I vow, as I have vowed be-

vote and told the delegates:

Jerusalem, to Jerusalem."

sort of self-rule.

next month.

When Bassam Abu Sharif,

tion would be the PLO."

The Damascus-based DFLP

in a peace conference.

The Hawatmeh faction said it

Seven of the members of the

PNC accepts peace conference

was added to the list.

Egyptian-coordinated negotia- Executive Committee, which takes day to day decisions for the PLO, were new.

Abu Abbas was the most notable departure. Mr. Arafat announced that Abul Abbas had resigned so as not to be an obstacle to dialogue.

"Abul Abbas offered to resign from the day the United States suspended talks with the PLO. I told him it was up to the PNC to accept this," he said. "Today he has preferred to stand down for the good of Palestine."

The young generation of moderate leaders around Mr. Arafat did not get onto the committee as they were expected to do.

Mr. Arafat, according to delegates speaking after the PNC session, preferred not to upset the current balance of forces within the PLO by attacking the preponderance of traditional factions there as he tried to push ahead with efforts to back a U.S.-proposed peace conference. Another newcomer was former hanker Mohammad Zohdi

Nashashibi who lived up to a few

months ago in Syria. He replaced

efforts, and dealt with it positive

ly, including the call by (U.S.)

President George Bush and

(Soviet President Mikhail) Gor-

bachev to convene the peace con-

ference to resolve the existing

conflict in the Middle East, sees

that the success of the efforts to

convene the peace conference re-

quires continuing the work with

the other parties to achieve the

It sketched out six points

which moderate delegates said

were not conditions, but which

the PLO Executive Committee

should work towards achieving

Said Kamal, PLO representa-

tive to Cairo, said: "It is not a list

of conditions. It gives the green

light for the Executive Commit-

tee and central committee to

tackle the peace process on those

The highlighted "points" or

on U.N. Resolutions 242 and 338.

calling for Israel's withdrawa

from all land taken after the 1967

-- Jerusalem to be seen as an

- A halt to Jewish settle-

-- The PLO's right to form its

delegation, from Palestinians liv-

ing inside and outside the terri-

tories, including Jerusalem, with

a formula making the PLO a

The PNC also spelled Palesti-nians' long-term aims from any

conference negotiations - self-

determination and independence,

full Israeli withdrawal, settlement

of the Palestinian refugee prob-

lem and ultimate removal of Jew-

Hardfine groups based in Syria said the PNC had abandoned vital ground by supporting the U.S. efforts to hold Arab-Israeli

"An initial reading (of the re-

solutions) shows they failed to reach the minimum we think is

necessary to achieve a just and

comprehensive peace," Khaled

Al Fahoum, head of the Palesti-

nian National Salvation Front,

point of reference.

ish settlements.

peace talks.

integral part of the occupied terri-

ments, including in Jerusalem, and international guarantees to

International legality based

ahead of the conference.

following bases."

bases, included:

war.

ensure this.

Mohammad Milhem, named to head the Palestinian centres for statistical studies and natural re-

Mr. Nashashibi, who comes from one of the most prominent families in Jerusalem, was at one time close to Syrian-based dissi-

The split Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine has two representatives in the committee. One faction, a moderate group, is represented by Yasser Abed Rabbo. The other, backing traditional hardline chief Nave Hawatmeh, has Taysir Khaled as a member.

Here are the newly elected members of the PLO-Executive Committee with their affiliation. The number of seats on the committee was increased from 15 to

Yasser Arafat, chairman

- Mahmoud Abbas (Fatch); - Abdullah Hourani (indepen-

- Farouq Qaddoumi (Fateh):

- Mahmoud Darwish (indepen dent);

Ali Ishak (New, the Palestine Liberation Front); Abdul Rahim Mallonh (New, the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine);

- Yasser Abed Rabbo (the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine DFLP - splin-

Tayseer Khaled (New DFLP, mainstream faction); Mahmond Ismail (New, the Arab Liberation Front);

-- Mohammad Znhdi Nashashibi (New, independent); - Yasser Amro (New, inde-- Archbishop Eliya Khouri (independent);

- Jawid Ghossein (the Palestine National Fund); Shafik Al Hout (New, inde-

pendent); - Samir Ghoshe (New, the Popular Struggle Front);

— Suleiman Najjab (the Com-

munist Party); Jamal Sourani (indepen-

Israel awaits PNC fine print

(Continued from page 1) "Our position has not changed one bit," Mr. Olmert said. "Yet we are looking forward to a joint. Jordanian-Palestinian delegation

composed of residents of (the West Bank) and the Gaza Strip." Israel has agreed to attend the conference, planned for next month, on condition the PLO is kept out and Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's right-wing government has veto power over the Palestinian representation at the taiks.

The government refuses to negotiate with the PLO. Israel also refuses to talk to-Palestinians from Arab East Jeru-

On Friday Mr. Shamir ruled out a role in peace talks for Faisal Al Husseini and Hanan Ashrawi, who have led Palestinian delega-

tions which met Mr. Baker in his seven trips to the Middle East. Both are residents of East Jerusalem. They associate with the PLO.

Israeli experts said Mr. Shamir would accept the two play a role in talks because of Washington's close co-ordination with them.

"Husseini and Ashrawi will be major players on the Palestinian side. They have a major role to play and they are not just figure heads. Israel has accepted this — Baker has been working out all the issues with them," Schneftan said.

He said that Israel had already accepted an indirect role for the PLO: "It's obvious that the leadership in the occupied territories is consulting with the PLO and could not go far without the backing of the PLO."

Gorbachev hails Bush proposals

(Continued from page 1) both superpowers stop all underground nuclear testing. The Soviet leader's remarks

were his first since Mr. Bush made the major nuclear arms. reorganisation proposal Friday Answering questions from his

new press secretary, Andrei Grachev, Mr. Gorbachev said in the broadcast: "It is very important that the process of nuclear nament in which both our countries took part is entering a new level, acquiring new dyna-

"Without any over-estimation, our evaluation, of these proposals is positive, very positive," he

"It demonstrated the adherence of the American administration to nuclear disarmament. As a result of these proposals, the process promises a scrious movement towards a nnclear-free world," he said.

Other world leaders also called the Bush proposals a historic move towards international

Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke described the cuts as "the single most decisive step for world peace since the nuclear age began nearly 50 years ago." Russian Federation President Yeltsin "gave high marks to the initiative and spoke in favour of identical huge cuts on the Soviet Soviet Foreign Minister Boris

Pankin said in New York that the Soviet Union was prepared "to meet U.S. steps halfway." North Korea also welcomed

the announcement. "If the United States really withdraws its nuclear weapons from South Korea, the way of our signing the nuclear safeguards accord will be opened," the foreign ministry The hardline communist state

has made the removal of U.S. tactical nuclear weapons from arch-rival South Korea a precondition to opening its nuclear faci-lities for international inspection. Mr. Bush cabled details of the plan to Mr. Gorbachev, Mr. Yeltsin and others on Thursday, and followed that up with calls Friday to Mr. Gorbachev, Mr. Yeltsin and Western leaders, according to White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater.

British Prime Minister John Major, in a statement released soon after the speech, hailed the proposals and urged the Soviets to respond "with equal imagina-

Israel rejects Iran demand

(Continued from page 1) return, release more Arab de

Mr. Naveh insisted Tehran must take the next step by providing news on the missing Israelis. The Iranians did not fulfill their commitment to give information on Yossi Fink and the fate of Ron Arad," Mr. Naveh told Renters.

over Lebanon in November 1986. is the only missing Israeli known to have survived capture. Fink, another Israeli soldier, has been missing since February 1986. Mr. Velayati said Iran had no

Navigator Arad, shot down

information on the airman and that it was for the Jewish state to release more Arab prisoners to ensure the freedom of Western hostages in Lebanon.

Israel freed 51 Arab prisoner and returned the bodies of nine guerrillas on Sept. 11 in exchange for the remains of missing Israeli soldier Samir Assad, captured in Mr. Naveh said Israel had also

been promised information on in the deal. Israel has Fink offered to free more Arabs in return for details about the Israeli Mr. Perez de Cuellar has been

conducting negotiations in past months during which information, bodies, prisoners and hostages have been swapped across

Israel, Soviet Union to restore diplomatic ties next month

NEW YORK (AP) — Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin, who met with Israeli Foreign Minister David Levy Friday, said he expected the two countries would restore diplomatic ties next month.

Mr. Pankin, who spoke after a one-hour private meeting with Mr. Levy at a hotel near the United Nations, added that relations would in any case be restored before a proposed Middle East peace conference.

Mr. Pankin met with Mr. Levy after a separate meeting with U.S. Secretary of State James Baker.

Mr. Pankin said the discussion with Mr. Levy was "productive and fruitful," adding: "We expect we can reestablish diplomatic relations in the very near future... for the sake of peace and justice throughout the whole region of the Middle East."

Mr. Pankin told reporters he saw "no obstacles to the restoration of diplomatic relations with Israel" and said no major issues remained outstanding between the two countries. "We only want that this be done in the most favourable circumstances."

· Moscow severed diplomatic relations with Israel after the 1967 war when Israel occupied the West Bank, the Golan Heights. Arah East Jerusalem and the Gaza Strip. Israel also took the Sinai peninsula, but returned it to Egypt under the Camp David neace accords

Asked Friday when the two countries expected to restore ties, Mr. Pankin said, "soon.... October," then added: "Before a peace conference."

Washington and Moscow have proposed that a peace conference attended by Israel, its Arab neighbours and Palestinian representatives be held in October;

Mr. Levy told reporters the meeting with Mr. Pankin dealt with "bilateral and Middle East issues, adding: "We agreed to maintain contact and decided to continue our discussions later

Mr. Levy added that he had invited Mr. Pankin to visit Israel and the Soviet foreign minister had accepted.

As for a Soviet role in any peace talks, Mr. Pankin indicated that the United States and the Soviet Union might serve as cochairman of a conference. .. Mr. Levy said: "I hope that all

problems will be solved and the conference will be held in the pear future."



HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN POTASH PRODUCTION EXPANSION Project No. 30-4857 (APC-25/90) ADVERTISEMENT FOR MAJOR EQUIPMENT SUPPLY

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2. Mr. M. Hodgins, Jacobs International Inc., Merrion House, Merrion Road, Dublin 4, - Ireland

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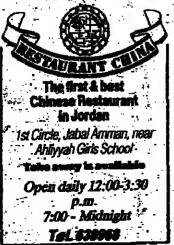
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Fax No.: 353-1-2695497 Telex No.: 30295 JCBS-EI Tel. No.: 353-1-2695666

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The International

Russian Circus

Berger gains pole position in Spanish GP

BARCELONA (AP) - Gerhard teammate Berger. Mansell is on Berger gained his first pole posi-tion in store than a year as be retained the top spot in qualifying for the Spanish Grand Prix.
The Austrian, in a McLaren-

Honda, did not improve his Fri- 1990. day time of 1 minute, 18.751 seconds but it was enough to hold off the test of the field.

Britain's Nigel Mansell, his left ankle a but sore after a soccer accident, held onto second with a time of 1:18.970, also from Fri-

The second session was inter--rupted when Ayrton Senna's car blew an engine and left a trail of oil across a portion of the track. After a 23-minute delay, the cars were a bit cautious over the 4.747-kilometre circuit in the ·Catalan fills outside Barcelona. Senna, hoping to clinch his third world driving title, jumped into a spare car to get used to it in case it is needed for Sunday's race

of 65 laps.

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the outside of the first row, along-

side Berger. It is Berger's seventh pole position of his career and first since the Mexican Grand Prix in June

Senna improved a bit to 1:19.064 in his McLaren-Honda but still held third with Riccardo Patrese, Mansell's Williams-Renault teammate, stayed fourth at 1:19.643.

Mansell injured his ankle in a soccer game Friday evening between the drivers and the press. He was given a hard shot by Italian driver Fabrizio Bardazza in the 2-2 draw.

The Briton said his only difficulty was in getting off the line or out of the pits since he doesn't bave to use the foot while on the

Mansell needs to be in top shape to have a chance to catch Senna in the season's standings. Senna leads the driver's stand-Senna will start in the second ings by 24 points over Mansell. Senna has 83 points, Mansell 59.

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SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

Cypriot drivers lead Island rally

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Two Cypriot drivers were in the lead early Saturday midway through the Rothmans Cyprus Rally, one of the top 10 events for the European Championship, with about half the cars out of the running. Antonis Ieropoulos driving a Mitsubishi Gallant finished the second leg after a total of 448 kilometres at the coastal city of Limassol 4 minutes and 21 seconds ahead of last year's winner, Dimmy Mavropoulos in an Audi Quatro. Emanuel Panayiotopoulos of Greece in a Toyota Celica GT was third 9 minutes and 50 seconds further back. The fight for third place is hotting up with Sandi Arabian Mahmoud Khayat in a Ford Siera only 21 seconds behind Panayiotopoulos and Iskenderun Artakan, the Turkish Rally champion in a Lanca Delta Integrale only five seconds further back. Nearly half the 86 cars that left Nicosia, the east Mediterranean island's capital, Friday afternoon were forced to retire during the special stages of the first two legs of the three-day event, which includes a gruelling night section. This left only 44 competitors in the final two legs converging the remaining 383 kilometres (240 miles).

Krickstein advances to Brisbane final

BRISBANE, Australia (AP) - Aaron Krickstein outslugged Andrei Chesnokov in a tense baseline Saturday to advance to the final of the \$250,000 Queensland Open Tennis Tournament. Krickstein played some sizzling tennis to defeat Chesnokov 7-5, 6-4 in one hour and 18 minutes. The third-seeded American now faces either Australian Jason Stoltenberg or Italian Gianluca Pozzi in Sunday's final. Krickstein will be aiming to win his first tournament in two years. He made last year's final in Brisbane, but lost to compatriot Brad Gilbert after playing one of the worst matches of his career.

Connors faces McEnroe in Basel semis

BASEL, Switzerland (AP) — American Jimmy Connors defeated Amos Mansdorf 6-3, 6-2 Friday to reach the semifinals of the \$750,000 Swiss Indoors Tournament. He will face old rival John McEnroe in Staurday's match. McEnroe, the eighth seed, advanced with a 7-6 (7-2), 6-3 victory over Sweden's Christian Bergstroem. McEnroe swept to a 4-1 lead in the first set but then faltered as the Swede regained the form he displayed to knock out top-seeded Michael Stich Wednesday. McEnroe won the tiebreak and went on to break his opponent's serve 4-3 in the second set. Connors, 39, controlled Mansdorf, 14 years his junior, throughout their quarterfinal match. He swiftly took a 4-1 lead in the first set and won five straight games straight in the second set.

Navratilova pulls out of Essen

ESSEN, Germany (R) — American veteran Martina Navratilova was forced to retire from her semifinal against compatriot Mary Joe Fernandez in the Essen Invitation Women's Tennis event Saturday because of a thigh strain. After winning the first set 6-3, the 34-year-old Navratilova found herself hampered by a muscle injury in her left thigh and pulled out with Fernandez leading 2-1 in the second set. Navratilova, who first injured the muscle in a round-robin group match Thursday, said she still hoped to be able to play in the International Women's Cup Tournament in Milan next week. "I knew that I would not have been able to play to the end and be fit for the final because of the problem so it was better to retire," the American said. "I hope after a few days' rest it will be okay for Milan."

Maleeva-Fragniere reaches Bayonne semis

BAYONNE, France (AP) - Top seed Manuela Maleeva-Fragniere of Switzerland beat No. 5 seed Julie Halard of France 6-3, 6-4, to reach the semifinals of the \$150,000 Bayonne Open. She next faces Rachel McQuillan of Australia, who beat No. 4. seed Radka Zrubakova of Czechoslovakia, 4-6, 6-1, 6-3. In: another quarterfinal, third-seeded Nathalie Tauziat of France ousted Eva Sviglerova of Czechoslovakia, 6-4, 6-1. Tauziat's semifinal opponent will be second seed Leila Meskhi of the Soviet Union, who downed Claudia Porwik of Germany, 6-4, 6-3.

Sanchez advances to Palermo semis

PALERMO, Sicily (AP) — Top-seeded Emilio San advanced to the semifinals of the \$300,000 ATP Men's Tennis Tournament by defeating eighth-seeded Thomas Muster of Austria 6-3, 7-6 (7-3). Frederic Fontang of France and Jorde Arrese of Spain also moved on to semifinals with wins over Massimo Cierro of Italy and Yannick Noah of France, respectively. Fontang defeated Cierro, the new Italian national champion and crowd favourite, in straight sets, 6-1, 6-7 (7-1). Spain's Arrese, ranked 43rd in the world, thwarted Noah's comeback attempt with a three-set win over the Frenchman, 6-2, 4-6, 6-4. "I haven't played any tournaments in many months and so I'm very content to have won two matches and to have enjoyed the publicity," Noah said.

Borg to make another comeback bld

STOCKHOLM (AP) — Five-time Wimbledon champion Bjorn Borg, who was beaten in straight sets in comeback attempt in April, will make another try with a modern graphite racket, according to published reports. The 35-year-old Swede, who lost to Jordi Arrese of Spain 6-2, 6-3 in the first round of the Monte Carlo Open after an eight-year retirement, told a Swedish magazine that he will play again "later this fall but I haven't set an exact date yet." "I learned from my mistakes in Monte Carlo where I was too tight and nervous," Borg said in an interview with Gazette. Borg did not say where he plans to play again or whether he would enter a regular ATP Tour event or a satellite tournament. Henning Sjostrom, Borg's lawyer and spokesman, told the Swedish newspaper Expressen that Borg is serious about his latest comeback.

U.S. soccer officials to shorten site list

NEW YORK (AP) - The list of 26 cities bidding for 1994 World Cup games will be shortened next Thursday and officials from FIFA, soccer's governing body, will visit the remaining cities from Oct. 29-Nov. 7. From 8-to-12 cities will be chosen for the 52-game tournament, which takes place from June 17-July 17, 1994. The final list of cities will be picked next spring and individual games such as the opener and the final — will be assigned next summer. "We have 26 extraordinarily through bids, but the time has come that we must take the first step in narrowing the field," said Chuck Cale, the chief executive officer of World Cup USA 1994.

Marsellie closes gap with Monaco

PARIS (R) - Champions Marseille moved within one point of French Soccer League leaders Monaco by drawing 1-1 at Auxerre Friday. Defender William Prunier headed Auxerre in front after eight minutes but marksman Jean-Pierre Papin equalised with a penalty kick 15 minutes later. Marseille were without England winger Chris Waddle, still suffering from his left beel injury, and defender Franck Sauzee, who has hurt his thigh. Monaco, who suffered their second defeat of the season when they went down 1-0 at Caen Thursday, lead with 19 points from second-placed Marseille on 18. "It was a tough match against a very good team and we are satisfied with the result." said Marseille trainer Tomislay Ivic. Paris St Germain, the only unbeaten side in the league, are third, two points behind the champions with a game in hand. The Paris club play at struggling Rennes Saturday.

Late goals put Bayer top of Bundesliga

BONN (R) -- Bayer Leverkusen went top of the German soccer first division when they scored twice in the last five minutes for a 2-0 win at lowly Bochum. German Under-21 international Heiko Herrlich, who had come on as a substitute 10 minutes earlier, and former east German international Andreas Thom were Bayer's marksmen. The win put Leverkusen one pint ahead of VFB Stuttgart, who faced a tough away game at fourth-placed Hamburg Saturday. In the Bavarian derby, Bayern Munich earned a point at Nuremberg with a 1-1 draw. The home team equalised through Christian Wueck after Roland Wohlfarth had put the visitors ahead in the second half. Struggling Cologne, who have yet to win this season, equalised through Henri Fuchs in the 88th minute against Wattenscheid to earn their ninth draw in 11

Klinsmann extends contract with Inter

MILAN (AP) - German national team striker Jurgen Klinsmann has extended his contract with Internazionale of Milan through 1994, the Italian major league club announced Friday. Klinsmann, a 27-year-old forward who joined Inter in 1989, will set 900 million lire (\$720,000) a year for the two season extension. The contract with the Italian teams was due to expire in 1992. Klinsmann, who teams on Inter with fellow-Germans Andreas Brehme and Lothar Matthacus, said his decision to stay with Inter coincided with the change of coach. Inter replaced five-year coach Giovanni Trapattoni with Corrado Errico this season.

Museeuw leads Tour of Ireland

LIMERICK, Ireland (AP) - Johan Museeuw edged Belgian compatriot Eric Vanderaerden to win the third stage of the Tour of Ireland cycling race. Museeuw also took the overall lead due to a special time deduction he earned by placing second in an intermediate sprint in Friday's stage. Museenw, who races for the Lotto team, finished the 185-kilometre stage from Galway to Limerick in four bours, 44 minutes, 55 seconds. He now has a one second lead in the overall standings over Dutchman John Talen, who had led after the second stage. Museeuw's time for the first three stages was 13:25.33. Dutchman Adri Van Der Poel, one second behind Talen entering the third stage, fell on the finishing sprint and Talen had to brake to avoid him.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1991 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You bills at you possibly can and for making won't need to be thinning of force any as many collections as you are able to won't need to be thisming of force any more in a matter that has caused you to carry a chip on your shoulder. Your spect and disappointment will become a thing of the past.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Be careful another person does not try to out a fast one over you in some financial put a fast one over you in some financial dealing, otherwise the aspects are good for you to build up your fortune.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You find that a partner does not see eye to eye with you but don't aggravate him and follow your own plan and get your financial affairs in order. CEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Avoid s

fellow seociate who fels you have everything in your favour and get at those private concerns that have made you feel restricted. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July

21) Now you come to a day when you would be wise to get away from that emotional lie for a little while and see friends you have neglected. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You find you have many ideas for getting ahead in the world of activity so discuss just what you want to do with highly placed persons able to aid you gain your ambitions.

VIRGO: (Angust 22 to September 22) Many new ideas of a lofty nature can be yours now so stay away as much as possible from those drab drudgeries and loom into all aspects of some now

LIBERA: (September 23 to October 22) A great day for you to get rid of as many

get dost.

SCORPEC: (October 23 to Nov "21) You are able to get a partner to do
what you wish if you approach him/her
in a truly cooperative spirit and show
concern for his/her side of any situation. SAGITTARHE: (November 22 to De-cember 21) Whatever you have in mind-that does require a most flaidic approach then your present on to your work is good so look at all the phases. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to Jame ary 20) Now there are some interesting that is yours but that you usually keep hidden beneath the serious exterior.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) If you keep from being preoccupied about some outside matter that you just don't understand, you can accor much at your res

PISCES: (Rebrusty 20 to March 20) Forget those appeals at a distance and stick to routine matters that can bring you more efficiency and/or comfort at your present environment.

Teday's child. If your child were born today she or he is highly cadowed youngster in need of the benefits that sprintal training brings. Success in the world of outside activity won't be part of this progenies picture until you have incalcated the concept of lofty princi-ples and procepts into their fundamental attitude.

"The stars impel, they do not com-pel." What you make of your life is largely up to you.

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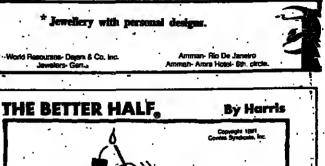
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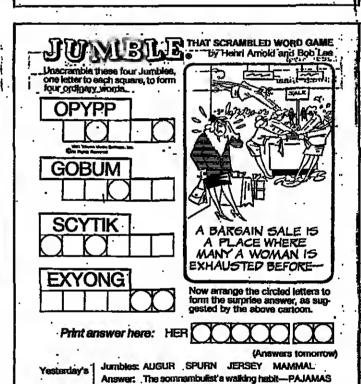
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HARRIS "After all these years, I still

see fireworks when you kiss me!"



GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ Q.1—Both vulnerable, as South

What action do you take? A.—There is a possibility of game—if North holds the right cards. A re-raise to three spades does nothing for the cause because it does not reveal the location of partners values. The key to the hand is North's club bolding. Make a game try of three clubs. North must value that suit alone in deciding whether to accept the game-try.

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South **4876 ♥Q\$ ◊10862 4AJ103** The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass 2 Pass Pass ?

What do you bid now?
A.—This is the companion hand to the above. Partner has asked about your club holding, and it could not be much better. Bid four spades. Note that the combined hands give excellent play for that

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you 4106543 ♥962 ♦6 #A1065 Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What action do you take? A.—Most experts hate to pass partner's minor-suit opening bid when they had a five-card major. With an ace and a singleton, even

though it's in opener's suit, a one spade response is justified.

◆106543 ♥962 ♦6 **◆**A1065 The bidding has proceeded North East South West

1 O Pass 1 Pass
2 Pass - ?

5-3

What action do you take?

A.—In the modern style, partner's reverse is forcing aither to two no trump or three of opener's first-bid suit. As responder, your first duty is to tell opener you have a five-card suit, since his reverse could be based on support for your suit. Bid

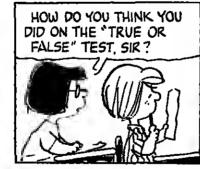
Q.5—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: •Q53 ♥1074 OAKQ103 +62 The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1-V Pass 2 Pass
3 Pass ?

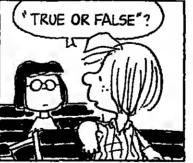
What do you bid now? A.—Partner's high reverse sh very good hand, and the first order of business is to tell him that your side has a playable spot. Show your three-card support for partner's first-bid suit. The quality of your diamonds can be shown later should partner evince interest in slam.

Q.6-As South, vuinerable, you hold: 4874 ♥6 ♦AQ62 4KJ763 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West DЫ

What do you bid now? A.—You have the high-card count for a redouble, but that action would be pointless, since you have oo intentioo of doubling an oppos-ing major-suit contract. Bid one diamond now to advise partner of your side strength, then support clubs vigorously at your next turn.

Peanuts







Andy Capp





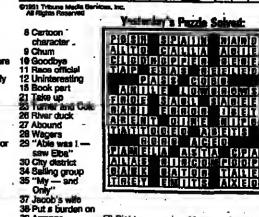


Mutt'n'Jeff



THE Daily Crossword by Cralg Schultz

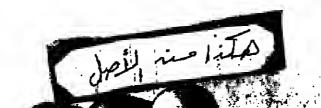




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2 Samoan city
3 Lantern piece
4 Outline
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53 Right away 54 Eagle claw 55 Wear away 56 Strange 57 "— Ben

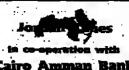
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Financial : Markets

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THE PARTY





Currency	NEW/ORK CLOSE	NFW/ICK CLOSE
	Date 26/9/91	Date 27/9/91
Sterling Pound	1.7285	1.7430
Deutsche Mark	1.6865	1_6699
Swiss Franc	1.4680	1.4530
French Franc	5.7475	5.6890
Japanese Yen	133.89	133.20
European Curreny Unit	1.215144	1.2260

Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTHS
U.S. Dollar	5.37	5.43	5.50	5.62
Sterling Pound	10.37	10.06	10.06	9.93
Deutsche Mark	9.06	9.31	9_37 .	9.37
Swies Franc	8.00	8.06	8.00	7.81
French Franc	9.25	9.31	9.43	9.43
Japanese Yen	6.75	6.46	6.15	6.00
European Currency Unit	9.87	9.93	.9.93	. 9.87

Pracious J	Rocals .			Date:	27/9/97
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm²	Metal	. USD/Oz	. JD/Gm
Gold	349.50	6.80	Silver	4.10	095
N 00 00 00					

Date: 28/9/91

Ситевсу	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	.686	.688
Sterling Pound	1.1951	1.2011
Deutsche Mark	-4105	.4126
Swiss Franc	4720	.4744
French Franc	.1205	.1211
Japanese Yen*	-5148	. 5174
Dutch , Guilder	.3642	.3660
Swedish Kronn	.1116	:1122
Italian Lira	.0549	. 0552
Belgian Franc	01993	.02003

Other Currencles	Det	*******
Currency	Bid	Offer
Bahrand Dinar	1.7900	1.8000
Lebanese Lira*	.07695	.07710
Saudi Riyal	1826	.1836
Kuwaiti Dinar	-	
Qutari Riyal	.1859	.1867 .
Egyptian Pound	.2000 .	.2100
Omani Riyal	1.7650	1.7900
UAE Dirham	. 1859	. 1867
Greek Drachme®	.3650	.3700
Cypriot Pound	1.4580	1.4680

Index	. 18/9/91	Close	25/9/91	Close
All-Share	118.17		119.89	
Banking Sector	98.99		100.55	1
Insurance Sector	. 119.94		120.89	
Industry Sector	146.97		149.41	
Services Sector	127.14		127.69	

Soviet president creates council to boost reform

MOSCOW (R) - President Mikhail Gorbachev has created a special enterprise council to improve conditions for Soviet private businessmen and help speed free-market reform.

A presidential decree carried by the Soviet news agency TASS said the 28-member council would advise and assist in creating a legal and nancial framework for free enterprise to expand.

"I believe that this is a revolutionary decision. It will help us move towards the market at the necessary speed," said Arkady Volsky, one of four prominent reformers appointed by Mr. Gorbachev last month to take charge of the Soviet economy.

Mr. Gorbachev's decree said the council should use methods camployed by other countries to support entrepreneuraline, and foster contacts with international business circles. It should also help promote fair competition and counter monopolies.

THE OPENING OF

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Italy resumes granting export credits to Syria

ROME (R) — Italy has resumed ing Thursday. granting export credits to Syria, blocked after the European Community (EC) froze relations with Damascus over its alleged role in the attempted bombing of an Israeli airliner, officials said Pri-

The EC decided last year to end the four-year-freeze in relations with Damascus after Syria sided with the U.S.-led coalition against Iraq over the invasion of Kuwait.

. The Italian export credit agency SACE gave no reasons for

A brief agency statement said a ceiling would be placed on credits for Syria, but gave no details.

Syria owes Italy 37 bilion lire (\$29 millinn) in Italian government-guaranteed credits and has fallen behind on a slightly smaller amount of private debt, the officials said.

The European Parliament's External Economie Relations Committee, citing concerns about human rights, this week held up a European Commission plan for granting medium and long-term \$185 million in EC grants and credits again to Syria. The decision was taken at a SACE meet- a formal opinion on it

Israel's Koor signs long-awaited debt rescheduling accord

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel's trousigned a long-awaited restructuring deal with its creditors Friday, cutting its debts by one third and removing the threat

of bankruptcy, the company said. Under the accord, which took three years to complete, Israel's largest industrial conglomerate restructured its debts to Israeli and foreign banks and bondbolders. Koor includes electronics, infrastructure, chemicals, food and trade firms.

Under the agreement, Koor's nearly \$1.2 billion debt shrunk by some \$450 million. Share capital now totals \$150 million against a negative figure of about \$70 million in the second half of 1991.

"Today marks the birthday of a new Koor with a bright future. paid over nine years. The burdens of the past have been eased, our operations are pany's prospect has been re-moved," said Koor's Managing said Koor's Managing Director Benjamin Gaon.

bled Knor Industries Ltd million shekels (\$48.5 million) in the first half of 1991 compared with a loss of 84 million shekels during the same period the previous year. Annual sales are \$2.6 billion and it has 20,000 workers.

> Koor was 97 per cent owned by the Hevrat Haovdim, economic arm of Israel's Histadrut labour federation. But by the end of the agreement's implementation Hevrat Haovdim will own less than 26 per cent of the company. The rest of its shares will be held by banks, the government and

Koor's debts to Israeli banks, mostly to Bank Hapoalim, will be cut by \$200 million while the remaining \$400 million will be

A \$200 million debt to foreign banks will be cut by \$40 million profitable and the heavy shadow and the rest will be paid in a of uncertainty about the comlion), ordinary shares (\$35 million) and a new four-year debt (\$40 million).

Romanian food price inflation tops 200%

political violence, exceeding 200

The National Statistics Commission monthly bulletin showed that consumer prices had risen by an average of 197.2 per cent since inflation data began to be collated last October — with food price rises amounting to 229.2 per cent

up to the end of August. Prices for non-food items umped by 200.8 per cent. The lowest area of price rises was in the services sector, where the increase was 122.3 per cent, the

bulletin reported. Prime Minister Petre Roman, who was forced by rioting miners to resign Thursday, had intro-duced a series of reforms over the past 10 months that ended state subsidies and liberalised prices. Meanwhile, Rumania has asked the European Community

BUCHAREST (R) — Official (EC) for 1.5 million tonnes of figures published Friday showed wheat and other food aid to help Romanian food price inflation, it through the winter, a European

> He said first unofficial estimates were that the total cost of the gifts sought by Bucharest would exceed \$600 million - 10 times the amount of EC food aid committed to Romania so far this

The spokesman said commissinu nfficials might go to Bucharest to study the food aid request when the situation there

The request included 300.000 tonnes of potatoes, 10,000 tonnes of butter, 10,000 tonnes of cheese and 2,000 tonnes of milk powder, he added.

The commission hopes to start exploratory talks with the Romanian government in October on the possibility of an association agreement with the EC.

THE SPANISH CULTURAL CENTRE

The Spanish Cultural Centre announces the move of its premises to:

Jabal Amman - Third Circle — behind Hotel Jordan Intercontinental - near Al Sharq. Restaurant/Abu Ahmad, Mohammad Hafez Muaz Street, as of Sept. 30, 1991

Tel. 624049 - 610858

Jordanian government seeks to rechannel its investments

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN -In line with a shift in policy and strategy, the government is planning to dispose off part of its investments in private sector-dominated establishments as well as newspapers, but will do so without causing any undue fluctuations at the Amman Financial Market, according to official

"The concept that guides government investments is that there is no necessity to hold on to shares in entities and projects once they are well-established," said a senior official. "The capital freed from the existing projects. will be diverted to new projects, mostly in the industrial production area," added the nificial, whn preferred to remain anony-

Among the shares to be floated at the Amman Financial Market are those held by the Jurdan Investment Corporation (IIC), a direct government agency, in some of the leading hotels and

Canadians

OTTAWA (R) -- Canadian government workers, calling the

state's latest pay offer a "slap in

the face," resumed Friday a

national strike that had crippled

services for 10 days earlier this

Bean told reporters. "However,

once again, an inflexible govern-

raises of three per cent in each of

the next two years as part of a

slash the budget deficit.

resume

strike

national

paper establishments.

Mohammad Batayneh of the JIC told the Jordan Times that while a decision iti principle had been taken to dispose off JIC shares "in some of the hotels and other establishments, no definite move" had been set in motion to actually put the shares in the

"Decisions tn actually sell some of the shares in some of the establishments depend on various factors and timing," he said with-

out elaboration.

The JIC decision to sell its shares in the two newspapers comes in line with a provision in a draft law on press and publicating. limiting government participation

The law has not been endorsed by parliament and influential parntarians from both the upper and lower houses say that they would seek to eliminate govern-ment investment altogether in any newspaper as and when the draft legislation comes up for

The Council of Ministers has given the green light for the sale of the 15 per cent shares owned by the IIC in Al Ra'i and Al

Dustour The JIC owns around one third of Amman's two leading hotels -Marriott and Philadelphia - in addition to shares in the Ma'in Soa Hotel, the Coral Beach Hotel in Agaba and the Al Himmeh Spa in the north as well as several other facilities related to tourism

in the Kingdom. According to Mr. Bataynen, the JIC has invested more than JD 150 million in various projects in the country. The JIC official did not provide any figure for the funds still available with the orga-

nisation for investments. JIC Acting Manager Saleh Rifai was recently quoted as saying that the corporation would seek not to cause any disruption nr undue fluctuation at the Amman Financial Market while offering its shares for sale to the

Mr. Rifai affirmed that the JIC tions.

was turning its focus to starting up new projects rather than continuing to tie down its funds in entities which have already been established and doing well.

The corporation is now inviting private-sector participation in carrying ont feasibility studies on projects. Among the studies already completed or under way are projects to set up a glass fibre plant, a glass container plant and a facility to manufacture polypropylene sacks for grain.

Majority shares in these projects are expected to be held by the private sector while the JIC will limit its participation to less than 20 or 15 per cent.

The JIC was formally endorsed as the centralised government investment agency by a Royal Degroups all government shares in various establishments and the capital available with the Pension Fund, which was founded in 1976 and owned holdings in a multitude of commercial nrganisa-

'The recovery is in trouble'

U.S. consumer confidence falls for 3rd straight month

The 70,000 employees again halted grain shipments, paralysed some government services and were considering whether to delay flights at airports and slow goods moving across the U.S. "We do not take this action

lightly," union president Daryl ment has chosen to declare war on its own employees, with no regard for the future morale and productivity of the federal public al product.

The workers are protesting the government's decision to freeze their wages this year and impose

plan to help control inflation and "Given recent consumer confi-The earlier walkout ended when the union and the government agreed to resume negotiations and the ruling conservatives withdrew back-to-work legislation imposing stiff fines on debian Linden.

fiant workers. But Prime Minister Brian Mulropey's government has warned workers it would reintroduce the legislation if they resumed the

strike. The government, in its latest offer, held firm on the wage freeze but nffered a 500-dollar (\$444) contract-signing bonus nt 10,500 lower-paid members of Unemployment continues to be the Public Service Alliance nf

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Interested candidates may apply in writing to

Amman, not later than October 9, 1991.

the Personnel Officer, P.O.Box. 2617 Jabai

including personal computers.

Canada (PSAC). "It is in effect a slap in the face," Mr. Bean said. Treasury Board President Gil-

les Loiselle rejected the union's demand to appoint an independent mediator "I myself am beginning to won-

der if PSAC really wants a settle-ment," Mr. Loiselle told parlia-ment. "We made new offers and I expect them to be considered." The union said it would decide at the weekend whether to slow traffic at border crossings to the United States and delay flights as members did in the walkout two weeks ago.

garden and telephone.

confidence tumbled again in September, a grim portent for the already choppy U.S. economic recovery, the conference board

The business-supported research group said its consumer confidence index skidded nearly 3.5 points to 72.7. The drop was the third straight decline in the index, which is compiled from a survey nf 5,000 households nationwide and is widely followed as an indicator of consumer senti-

The decline raised new concerns about the economic recovery, which cannot proceed without help from consumers. Consumer spending accounts for about two-thirds of the gross nation-

Further bad news about consumer spending came from Ford Motor Co., which said its car sales September. Other carmakers also were expected to report weak

dence readings, those who expect the economy to rebound in the remaining months of the year are likely to be disappointed," said Conference Board economist Fa-

"A concerned and insecure consumer is a cautious spender."

Mr. Linden said consumers are increasingly worried about the current state of the economy, and are also ambivalent about business conditions six months from

a particular concern. Forty per cent of the respondents said inbs are currently hard to get, while only 7.5 per cent called jobs olentiful.

The Conference Board said the current view of jobs is the most negative since the 1982 recession. The survey was conducted by National Family Opinion Inc. of Toledo, Ohio.

Meanwhile, the U.S. economy declined at a wnrse-thanexpected annual rate of 0.5 per cent in the spring, and there was a big jump in laid-off workers seeking jubless benefits early this month, the government has said. The downward revision in the

gross national product (GNP) the country's total output of goods and services, and the 8.9 per cent

increase in the number of Americans filing for unemployment benefits were the latest signs of a struggling econnmy, analysts

"The recovery is in trouble," said David Jones, an economist at Aubrey G. Lanston and Co., a government securities dealer. The weak spots are employment, consumer spending and ing. Those could be dangerous signs that the recovery will stall out."

Analysts had been expecting the GNP report to show newfound weakness from April through June, but they were surprised that the drop was put at 0.5 per cent, with consumer and government spending and business restocking of inventories all revised lower.

It marked the second straight downward revision. Originally, the economy was thought to have actually been growing at au annual rate of 0.4 per cent in the spring. That was revised last month to show a slight 0.1 de-

The rise in jobless claims to 439,000 for the week ending Sept. 14, up from 403,000 the previous week, was seen as even more worrisome because it showed that layoffs, which should be declining in a normal recovery, are beginning to rise again.

The increase left jobless claims at their highest level in three months. Analysts said only part of the jump could be explained away by the fact that it reflected a rebound following a holidayshortened filing period in the previous week.

The Bush administration contimes to insist that the recovery from the recession has begun. most likely in May, and that the GNP will rebound and begin growing at annual rates of between two per cent and three per cent in the last half of the year. But administration officials

also concede that various statistics have shown the economy growing at a slower pace than they would like to see as the country heads into a presidential election year. President Bush conveyed two

meetings last week of his cabinetlevel economic policy council to discuss what more the government needs to do to spur the second quarter.

Federal Reserve (Fed) Chairman Alan Greenspan met with President Bush and his top economic policymakers Friday and analysts

expect officials will step up the

pressure for the Fed to cut interest rates further. "There is no question but the administrating wants Greenspan to cut rates again," said David Wyss, chief financial economist at DRI-McGraw Hill. Mr. Wyss predicted that the Fed will go. along, especially in light of an unrelenting string of weak economic reports showing drops in

housing sales, mannfacturing orders and consumer confidence. Michael Evans, head nf a Washington forecasting firm, said the latest batch of bad news forced him to trim his forceast for. GNP growth in the final half of

this year to around one per cent. That would be far below the 3.2 per cent growth needed to reach the administration's forecast that the economy will expand

by 0.8 per cent for the full year. The hardships caused by the recession were highlighted in another report that showed the. number of Americans living in poverty rose 5.5 per cent last year to 33.6 million. It was the first increase since 1983 when the: country was emerging from the previous recession.

In yet another bad economic. report, the government said that: corporations' after-tax profits fell a revised 3.5 per cent in the second quarter, even worse than the originally reported 1.6 per cent. It was the third quarterly decline in profits and left them at an annual rate of \$160.6 billion. their lowest point since the last; three months of 1987.

While revising the GNP decline to make it worse, the government said that inflation was subdued during the second quarter with a GNP price index tied to an unchanging marketbasket of goods and services rising by only 3.1 per cent at an annual rate. That was down significantly from 5.2 per cent in the first quarter. Before the 0.5 per cent drop in

the April-June quarter, the GNP fell at an annual rate of 1.6 per cent in the October-December quarter last year and 2.8 in the January-March period this year. The three consecutive declines

left the GNP, after adjusting for inflation, at \$4.119 trillion in the



JORDAN PHOSPHATE MINES

Invitation to Tender 18**F/9**1

JPMC announces the invitation to tender No. 18F/91 for the supply of two calcining drums. The tender documents are available at JPMC offices in Amman supply department until 2:00 p.m. local time Tuesday 5.11.1991. Application. for documents should be accompanied by a non-refundable fee of JD 130 for each set of tender documents.

The closing date for submission tender is 12:00 hours local time Tuesday 12, November 1991.

> **Wasef Azar** Managing Director

Tel: 677420 CONCORD PHILADELPHIA KING OF **TEQUILA SUNRISE NEW YORK** Show: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m. Show: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 p.m. Tel: 625155 Tel: 675571 Nabil Al Mashini Theatre RAINBOW

ROOF TOPS

Show: 3:50, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

Georgian factions are moving towards accord; streets quiet

TBILISI, Soviet Union (R) — Georgian President Zviad Gamsakhurdia and rebel factions appeared to be moving towards agreement Saturday to end bloodshed in the southern repub-

But in Moscow, focus of efforts to forge a new confederation replacing the centralised Soviet state, signs grew of an economic crisis threatening the entire region. Top economist Grigory Yavlinsky said Soviet gold and currency reserves had been dramatically cut over the last year.

"Over one year, we have cut our gold reserves by over two thirds and lost our foreign curren-€ ⇒ cy deposits. Where will be we in a year?" He asked in a television interview Friday night.

In the Republic of Georgia, rebel guards at the central television studios seized two weeks ago were reduced overnight and the gunfire that had echoed through the night over the last week was

Opposition groupings met at the studios to decide strategy and the military set up checkpoints dictatorship.

LONDON (R) - Prime Minister

John Major's ruling Conserva-tives took a fresh hlow when the

latest opinion poll showed the

opposition ahead on a majority of

Daily Mail newspaper said voters put the opposition Labour Party

ahead on seven of 11 issues -

health, education, nnemploy-

An 1CM Survey in Saturday's

through the capital, Tbilisi, but there were no incidents.

Opposition officials hinted at a breakthrough after days of fruitless contacts with the government, saying they had sent a four-man delegation for talks with government representatives.

For the first time, the government delegation included a personal representative of Mr. Gamsakhurdia — his justice minister - and the city commandant. The opposition included a top official of the rebel National Guard and moderate deputies.

Georgian Radio, however, raised uncertainty by announcing a curfew from 10 p.m. Saturday to 7 a.m. Sunday — a step Mr. Gamsakhurdia had drawn back from previously. There was no immediate explanation and no confirmation from the military but the move could be intended to force on Saturday's talks.

The opposition had originally demanded the resignation of Gamsakhurdia, whom they accuse of suppressing all opposition and pushing the republic towards

U.K. Labour Party gets fresh boost

tion by next July.

economic recession and rising un-

employment, must hold an elec-

British Broadcasting Corpora-

tion (BBC) Television reported

Thursday night that an NOP poll

gave Labour 42 per cent of the

vote, up three from an NOP poll

earlier this month. The Conserva-

tives, in power for 12 years, were

ped by the opposition over the st 10 days of stalemate.

But leading oppositionist Eldar Shengalaya said the opposition still wanted government control of the press to be abolished, the release of political prisoners and a special parliamentary debate to be broadcast live on television.

Mr. Gamsakhurdia, a former dissident, was elected president in May in a landslide victory. Since then some of his closest allies have turned against him although he retains strong popular support especially in the pro-

His long-time personal friend Tengiz Kitovani led a rebellion in the National Guard he commands and the guard has become the spearhead of the campaign

Mr. Kitovani has been criticised by moderate opponents of Mr. Gamsakhurdia for announcing two nights ago that 30 of his men had been slaughtered at a camp near Tbilisi. The report caused panic but turned out to be un-

rules ont early election," said a

headline in the Times newspaper,

a view matched by other political

analysts after polls showed

Labour regaining the upper hand following several weeks of Con-

Conservative support has

weakened despite the popularity

of Mr. Major, 48, who has estab-

His personal popularity rating

now stands at 64 per cent, eclips-

servative leads.

If the street resistance dies, Mr. Gamsakhurdia would face little danger in parliament. Under the constitution a three-quarters majority is needed to force his resignation.

Meanwhile the Komsomol, the ruling Communist Party's oncemighty youth movement is expected to follow its parent orga-nisation into oblivion this weekend when disillusioned members hold an emergency con-

Once the ladder to power for the young and amhitious, the Komsomol lost its political role in the aftermath of last month's coup attempt and the dissolution of the party.

TASS dismissed it as "spiritually obsolete.'

"An old totalitarian organisa-tion is dying," Komsomol Central Committee Secretary Andrei Aleinikov wrote in its former newspaper Komsomolskaya Pravda. "Tomorrow the all-union Leninist Young Communist League (YCL) will not exist."

Dutch reject changes in EC union proposals

THE HAGUE, Netherlands (AP) — Dutch Prime Minister Rand Lubbers, whose nation holds the European Community (EC) presidency, has rejected criticism of a Dutch draft treaty bringing the trade bloc nearer to

The draft treaty, which in-

had been too varied to warrant an overhaul of the proposed Dutch version of the European Political Union (EPU) treaty.

St. Petersburg mayor rejects aid

39 killed as typhoon hits Japan

FRANKFURT, Germany ((R) - St. Petersburg Mayor Anatoly

Sobchak, stepping up a campaign to promote investment in Soviet

agriculture, said Friday it would be humiliating for Russia to

receive simple food handouts from the West. "Russia is not

Ethiopia," Mr. Sobchak said in a speech at a banking conference

in Frankfurt. Humanitarian aid would be an insult to the dignity

of his nation. The mayor of St. Petershurg was one of the leading

challengers to last month's failed coup against Soviet President Mikhail Gorbchev. He proposed the Soviet Union huy \$10 billion worth of European Community (EC) food surpluses which would

be paid for in the Soviet currency, about 150 billion roubles. The

roubles could initially be reinvested into the Soviet economy, with

the help of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Develop-

TOKYO (AP) — Ty₁ son Mireille, pelting Japan with heavy rains and strong wind has killed at least 39 people, injured 660 and hlacked ont more than 3 million households, anthorities said

Saturday. Mireille, the 19th typhoon spawned in the Pacific this

year, hit Japan's southern shores Friday afternoon with winds

gusting up to 212 kph (133 mph). Heavy rains triggered landslides

and widespread flooding on the southern island of Kyushu, where

10 deaths were reported Friday. According to the National Police Agency, 39 people had been killed, most by falling debris, landslides and floods, nationwide as of Saturday afternoon.

Another six people were reported missing and 660 injured. Police

said the typhoon capsized 32 ships and flooded 10,614 homes.

MOSCOW (R) - Russian President Boris Yeltsin, whose health

has been the subject of speculation, is on holiday at the Black Sea

resort of Sochi and due to return to Moscow on Oct. 10, Russian

television said Friday. Its mid-evening news said Mr. Yeltsin, who

played a leading role in the defeat of last month's coup against

Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, was resting. Reports earlier

this month of a mild heart attack caused nervousness on Western

financial markets. But Mr. Yeltsin's spokesmen said the 60-year-

old leader was merely tired. A spokesman said Friday Mr. Yeltsin

would break off his holiday to fly to the Kazakh capital of

Alma-Ata for a signing ceremony if agreement was reached on an

. WASHINGTON (R) — The Soviet Union will continue to keep a

massive spy station in Cuha to spy on the United States, despite

the warming in U.S.-Soviet relations, the Washington Post

reported Saturday. The newspaper said the electronic monitoring

station at Lourdes, near Havana, would be maintained ever though Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev said earlier this

month that all Soviet-Cuban military ties would be severed. The

Lourdes station uses high-tech electronic equipment to monitor

naval and military manoeuvres in the United States, and also

eavesdrops on military, space and domestic communications, the

Savimbi to return to Luanda after 16 years

LUANDA, Angola (AP) — Angola's war-weary capital is preparing to greet Jonas Savimbi, I6 years after the rebel chief

retreated into the bush to lead his U.S.-backed guerrillas against

the pro-Soviet government. Officials from Mr. Savimbi's National

Union for the Total Independence of Angola, or UNITA, said

one million supporters will give their leader a triumphal welcome

Soviets to keep spy station in Cuba

inter-republican economic union.

Post reported.

Yeltsin due back In Moscow on Oct. 10



EC envoy says 'uncontrolled people' disrupt Yugoslav peace

ing disturbed Yugoslavia's ceasefire Saturday and a European Community (EC) envoy blamed "uncontrolled people" on both sides for the continued clashes.

Croatian Radio reported two dead and 14 wounded during the night and early Saturday in the eastern Croatian town of Osijek and surrounding villages where the Yugoslav army and Serbian fighters are facing Croatian But there were no immediate

reports of clashes on other fronts in Croatia where more than 1,000 people have been killed since its declaration of independence last

Simon Smits; head of a team of EC ceasefire monitors in Croatia, said new arrangements for strengthening the week-old truce were being implemented.

He said Defence Minister General Veliko Kadijevic, head of the Serbian-led army and Croatian President Franjo Tudjman were both committed to the ceasefire but were not in full control of their forces.

"The ceasefire holds and both parties are committed within their capability," Mr. Smits said. "Uncontrolled people are the problem that neither Kadijevic nor Tudiman can account for." Mr. Smits said special EC

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

peace envoy Henri Wijnaendts, a Dutch diplomat, had apparently agreed with authorities in Bosnia-

Taning News Agency reported an agreement between the army and civil authorities in Bosnia Herzegovina to liaise daily to smooth out problems over Serbian and Montenegrin reservists whose arrival there threatened a conflict with Croats and Muslims.

The truce is the first of Yugoslavia's five ceasefires since July to have restored relative calm for as long as a week.

since last Sunday's truce accord has raised cautious hopes for a limited disengagement of forces, The army pulled back from Vinkovci in eastern Croatia

barracks after camplaints that they could provoke a conflict with

Fighting has subsided since Wednesday, when Gen. Kadijevic and the presidents of Croatia and Serbia agreed on undisclosed measures to shore up

They declared a need for exclusively political solutions to the country's crisis. The decision of an EC-

sponsored peace conference on Yugoslavia to speed up efforts also raised peace hopes. The conference is seeking to map out a new model for Yngoslavia's future on which all six republics can Mr. Wijnaendts said after talks

with Gen. Kadijevic, Mr. Tudjman and Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic that he saw new hope of ending the fighting. Croatian officials said Mr.

Tudiman and Gen. Kadijevic had since held further contacts. "It will get calmer and calmer," an official said. Croatia accuses Serbia and the

army of trying to create a greater Serbia by occupying areas of Croatia and other republics where Serbs are in the majority. It believes the army may have

decided after recent tough resistance to pull back to areas of Croatia where the republic's 600,000-strong Serbian minority predominates. However, a senior army officer

said the army, which pulled out of the northern Republic of Slovenia after its declaration of independence in June, would not accept Croatia's demand to leave.

Marx, Lenin sold by the pound

NEW DELHI (AP) - The works of Communist philosophers and famous Russians were sold by the pound when the Soviet Cultural Department closed its library in the south Indian city of Trivandrum. Balaji, the scrap dealer who bought the books for 8 cents a kilogramme (less than 4 cents a pound), became an overnight celebrity. Scholars, politicians and even police flocked to him to sort through the half-tonne of books piled on the pavement where he does business. "Five hundred kilogrammes (1,100 pounds) of Marx, Engels, Lenin. Brezhnev, Tolstoy and Pushkin ... have made Balaji a celebrity overnight," the Indian -Express newspaper reported from Trivandrum, capital of Kerala state. The paper said a professor was among the first to learn of Balaji's recent acquisitions and started the sidewalk stampede. The matter did not end there. The issue surfaced in the Kerala legislature, once controlled by a Communist Party and still sympathetic to socialism. Police were ordered to salvage what they could, but only 33 pounds of the books remained.

Store chain halts sales of yes-no women's shorts

TORONTO (R) — Department store chain Sears Canada Inc said it would stop selling women's boxer shorts which have nonono printed in black all over them, changing to a neon green yesyesyes in the dark. Susan Pettigrew, a mother of two from Dartmouth, Nova Scotia, wrote, to the company complaining that the 12,99 dollar Canadian (\$11.50) U.S.) shorts made light of a no-means-no campaign against date and acquaintance rape. The company said in a statement the glow-in-the-dark shorts are no longer on sale in its stores.

-V2:012:5

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Bartish 25

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Indian ministers barred from taking spouses on trips

NEW DELHI (R) - India barred government ministers. Tuesday from taking their spouses on foreign trips, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported. Cash-strapned India is committed to cutting ers and newspapers have criticised ministerial tours as wasteful. PTI said the decision was taken at a cabinet meeting.

1 in 5 New Zealand school principals is on medication

WELLINGTON (R) — One in five New Zealand junior school head teachers is on medication for stress brought on by increased workload, according to a survey published Tuesday. The survey of 1,200 teachers was commissioned by the Head Teachers' Federation after one committed suicide and another was killed after falling asleep while driving home. Teachers cited conflict with or pressure from boards of trustees, too much paper work, lack of support and inexperience in their new role under a revamped education programme. Head teachers were also having to cope with social problems brought on by New Zealand's recession. The survey found stress prompted 43 per cent to consult their doctors in the past 12 months, 22 per cent to go on medication and 65 per cent to consider leaving their jobs.

4,000-year-old Iceman's arrows

well-preserved body of a bronze age man was discovered said Thursday they had found a 4,000intact," he added.

lished himself as a figure of trust down two on 39 per cent. ment, transport, environment, in the 10 months since he relocal government and standard of A strong lead in the opinion placed the increasingly unpopular polls might have tempted Mr. Major to gamble on a snap elec-Margaret Thatcher as party lead-The Conservatives were ahead on just four — inflation, nuclear tion in November, commentators

weapons and defence, Europe said. But they said recent polls and taxation. had made such an election most Mr. Major, his government "Labour's three per cent lead under fire because of a deep **Mobutu ready for Zaire**

KINSHASA (R) - Zaire's hard- ned out through the vast central power-sharing talks with President Mobutu Sese Seko in his marble palace Saturday.

Intense Western pressure on

the 60-year-old president paved the way for the meeting after a week of looting and army mutinies pushed Zaire to the brink of complete anarchy.
Mr. Mobutu's first talks with

the opposition's "sagred union" alliance, were expected to start by midday (1100 GMT) and might go on for hours, government source: said. Tough statements by Western

ambassadors in Kinshasa left no doubt they want Mr. Mobutu to form a government of national utity with outspoken adversaries of his 26-year-old regime. Zaire was still shell-shocked

protesting over their pitiful wages first went on the rampage in Kinshasa and other cities. Hundreds of thousands of civilians joined in the orgy of looting.

Saturday six des after soldiers

leaving the capital devastated and facing an imminent food crisis. There were no reports of major incidents in Kinshasa Friday . night. The night before, Zairean

troops took advantate of the curfew to loot again.
French and Belgian troops fan-

crisis talks with opponents line opposition geared up for African country, rescning stranded foreigners. At least 7,000 have already been evacuated to safety in Congo and other

neighbouring countries. Before going into the talks with Mr. Mobutu, leaders of up to a hundred parties and groups in the Sacred Union met Saturday at former Fore house of Minister Nguza Karl-I Bond.

He and former Interior Minister Etienne Tshisekedi, a declared Mobutu enemy since 1980, were certain to play key roles in any unity government to replace Prime Minister Mulumba Luko-

opposition was preparing its denever had to share power since

Foreign affairs, security and

The opposition rejected Mr. Mobutu's request to hold Saturday's talks aboard his luxurious yacht, moored in the Zaire River.

Austria, Italy call for U.N. human rights intervention

to safeguard human rights, even at the risk of violating sovereignty. Austria called for a special U.N. force to be available for rights duty. hom:

Fore Minister Hans-Dietrich er called for a special In-Gen al Court of Justice to van rights cases. He also :3i · :: ditional concepts of .: should not prevent .01

· ral intervention. of protecting human ominated the General Assertly this week. But most Latin and Third World nations, wary of any threats to sovereign-

ty, have not endorsed intervention in the affairs of a member state to safeguard human rights. The U.N. charter currently probibits interference in the affairs of any state unless the situation jeopardises internation-

al peace and security. On Friday, Austrian Foreign Minister Alois Mock called for a permanent U.N. force to be on call to prevent and redress human rights violations and to be deployed on an emergency basis in

any country.
"Violations of human rights, wherever they occur must not be many, Italy and Japan.

ji's lame-duck administration.

Political sources said the mands for a workable cohabitation with Mr. Mobutu, who has his 1965 coup in the former Bel-

defence have all been his reserved domain during the sixmonth Lukoji government which has failed to prevent Zaire's slide into economic and political col-

UNITED NATIONS (AP) — tolerated," be said. "The U.N. Austria and Italy called Friday ought to be able to quickly react to serious human rights abuses and to prevent any escalation." The question of human rights and fundamental freedoms is one of the pillars of the international order, he said.

"Safeguarding these rights, therefore, cannot be considered interference in internal affairs of

Italian Foreign Minister Gianni de Michelis also emphasised the overriding importance of human rights and noted that after the Gulf War the United Nations send a police force into northern Iraq to safeguard Kurdish people who were being driven from their homeland by Iraqi anthorities.

"Intervention that is primarily aimed at protecting human rights ... is a prerogative of the international community, which must have the power to suspend sovereignty whenever it is exercised in a criminal manner," Mr. De Michelis said.

In other husiness, Mr. De Michelis called for U.N. reform, the expansion of the Security Council and the amendment of the U.N. charter to eliminate the "enemies clause" which refers without naming them to the enemies of World War II - Gering that of Labour leader Neil Kinnock at 34 per cent. Romanian forces snuff out riots

BUCHAREST (R) — Riot police lannched a pre-dawn charge on drowsy demonstrators early Saturday, snuffing out the latest flareup of political unrest in

Central Bucharest had almost returned to normal as the weekend began, although three days of rioting led by 8,000 coalminers left a fragile government under a caretaker leader.

Prime Minister Petre Roman, whose resignation was accepted by President Ion Iliescu Thursday in a frightened concession to the rioters, appeared to be fighting bis way back.

Street cleaners swept up shards of plate glass and hosed away lingering tear-gas.

A hard core of some 500 miners chased from the central square under a deafening hail of flares and stun grenades soon after five a.m. road a special train home to the Jiu Valley 300 kilometres west.

"For the time being we're forced to go back home. We're not very sure if our demands for better pay and cheaper food will be thet or we'll be cheated," said mineworker Vasile Cristea, one of those who stayed on in Bucharest trying to force Mr. Iliescu to step down.

The miners' petrol-bombing, glass-smashing rampage had already damaged government beadquarters, the parliament and the state television centre.

But they stopped by a phalanx of troops and police Friday when they turned on Mr. Iliescu's Cotroceni Palace. Before dawn Saturday, as the

miners lay exhausted around campfires in University Square, white-helmeted riot police executed the coup de grace, encountering virtually no resistance as they scattered the protesters. According to Health Ministry figures, two people died during the three days of violence and 135 were taken to hospital with wounds, including 23 miners, 28 civilians and 84 police or security

In statements to foreign television networks as the violence abated, Mr. Roman suggested fresh elections.

Bnt Mr. Iliescu, who was meeting leaders of the major parties Saturday to discuss forming "a government of broad national openness," has played down that

They would take : several months to organise, he said Friday. In the meantime, the country might be better with a "nonparty premier."

political union.

creases the authority of the European parliament and other commuity institutions has been strongly criticized by EC nations, notably Britain, who oppose moves towards a federal Europe. Mr. Lubbers said the criticism

Herzegovina to extend ceasefire monitoring arrangements to the volatile republic sandwiched between Croatia and Serbia.

The army's withdrawal from two frontline towns in Croatia

Thursday and from Sini near the Adriatic coast Friday.

It also agreed to withdraw some reservists in the Mostar region of Bosnia-Herzegovina to

Croats and Muslims.

when he returns Sunday. Western diplomats in Luanda doubt the welcome will be quite that great. Regardless, Mr. Savimbi's

return will mark a new phase in a peace process sealed by the signing of a ceasefire in Lisbon in May and set to culminate in free elections in the fall of 1992.

8 killed in Soviet plane crash

MOSCOW (R) — A Soviet cargo plane crashed in the Gulf of Finland shortly after takeoff from the Russian city of St. Petersburg Thursday, killing all eight people on board, the Russian Information Agency (RIA) said. RIA, quoting the Interior Ministry, said rescue workers found the wreckage of the

aircraft six kilometres from the airport shortly after air traffic controllers lost radio contact. It was not clear why the civilian aircraft crashed. The Soviet News Agency (TASS) said five out of 18 people aboard an AN-16 military aircraft were seriously injured when it made an emergency landing at Kiev's Borispol Airport in the Ukraine during the night. TASS said the aircraft had run short of fuel. It gave no details:

U.S. arrests Colombian hitman

NEW YORK (R) - U.S. officials raced against time Friday to round up members of a Colombian execution squad after dealing the Medellin drug cartel a heavy blow by arresting its most feared assassin on a New York street corner. But questions remained over the capture of the alleged professional killer. Dandenv Munoz-Mosquera, who was wearing a Mickey Mouse T-shirt and apparently had nothing more deadly than a pocket knife on him when captured. The most important question was - what was he doing in New York while scores of world leaders, from his country's foreign minister to U.S. President George Bush, were in the city to attend the U.N. General Assembly?

Former D.C. mayor gets 6 months

WASHINGTON (R) — Rejecting pleas for leniency, a federal judge decided that fiamaboyant former Washington Mayor Maries Barry should serve six months in jail for his cocaine-possession conviction. U.S. District Judge Thomas Jackson dismissed arguments that Mr. Barry, once one of the nation's most prominent Democratic black politicians, be spared from going to jail and imposed the same tough sentence he originally handed down a year ago. Mr. Jackson had been ordered by a federal appeals court to re-sentence Mr. Barry and to more fully explain his reasons in imposing punishment.

Japan's oldest man dies at 108

TOKYO (R) - Japan's oldest man, Gibei Oka, died Saturday at the age of 108, Kyodo News Service said. Mr. Oka died at home in Oyama, northeast of Tokyo. Japan's oldest person is Waka. Shirahama, a 113-year-old woman living in Miyazaki on the southern island of Kyushu.

7 'dead' Filipino soldiers return

MANILA, Philippines (AP) — Seven soldiers who were reported to have been killed with 15 other troopers in a Communist ambush turned up alive in their camp a day later, the military said Saturday. The military had reported that 22 soldiers died and six others were wounded in an ambush early Thursday by New People's Army gnerrillas in Conner town, Kalinga Apayao province, about 350 kilometres north of Manila. However, an updated report released Saturday said seven of the soldiers listed among the dead arrived the next day at the 45th Infantry Battalion's camp a few kilometres from where the clash took

and quiver found VIENNA, (R) — Scientists probing the glacier site where the

year-old leather quiver full of arrows. The new find completed an array of ancient equipment carried by the man, including a bronze axe, a bow, a leather pouch with a fire flint, a wooden backpack and a stone necklace. The fresh discovery, on a mountain top between Austria and Italy, augmented a veritable treasure trove of early history, according to the scientists in-volved. "I don't like superatives, but yes, this is the only body of a bronze age man found in a glacier ... and certainly the best preserved corpse of that period ever found," Professor Konrad Spindler of Innsbruck University said. "Corpses of that period found in German, Scandinavian or British peat moors didn't have that much of inner organs and skin left

